McKean County Miner.

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McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS, Proprietor.

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Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 12:15 p. m. and 6:37 p. m., and leaves at 8:00 a. m., and 7:20 p. m.

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This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

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Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,
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—Dealer in—
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for cash.

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On the European Plan.
Newly painted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.
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PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser.
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WALL PAPER!
Constantly on hand.
Friends and patrons are invited to
CALL AND SEE US
in our location, and
Look at our Stock
SPECHT & SASSE,
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GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wholesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked
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FRESH & SALT FISH
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I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES
CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.
Nearly opposite Catholic church Main st.
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HAVE AN IMMENSE
FALL and WINTER STOCK
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CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

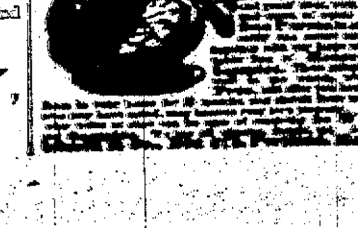
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Successors to Brooks & Ogilvie,
Contractors-and-Builders,
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VEGETABLES
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AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
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COUGH or COLD,
THROAT AFFECTION,
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Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by
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Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.
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SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.





MISS CLARE.

By MARIA L. POOL.

CHAPTER I.

I did not believe anybody lived there. A ruined castle had never looked more deserted than did that square old house when I came in sight of it. Its bare brown sides stood out against the fall sunshine without a vine clambering near. At a little distance from its southern end there rose a tree, a dying sycamore that drew itself together and refused to droop over a blackened and mossy well curb that stood at its roots. That was all one saw in looking from the hill on whose brow I stopped my horse to rest him and myself and to survey the country.

Hills rose all round the house, and the narrow, grassy road on which I was traveling was the only sign any one had approached the building since it was erected.

So I thought, till, descending the slope and trotting slowly down the road by the house, I startled a hen with a brood of little peeping chickens from a huckleberry bush close by the way. Impelled by a strange impulse which I did not understand nor try to resist, I reined in my horse and dismounted. The chickens ran screaming to their mother as I walked by them to the door. "Poor things!" said I to myself, "how will they ever get through the winter?" I felt like saying that to everything I saw about the place. It was quite a long walk from the highway to the door, and my feet more than once got entangled among the faded remains of the tall weeds that had flourished there all summer. Close by the door I was astonished to see a plot of heliotrope set out in the sun for an hour at midday, I supposed. The air was unusually warm for the late fall, and the sunlight fell revivingly on the sweet purple flowers.

I gave a resounding rap on the door with my riding whip that made the house echo like a great hollow shell. Then, before anybody should come, I tried to think what I should say when some one did appear. A middle aged, ordinary looking woman came from somewhere far back, I should think, for I heard her walking a long time before she opened the door.

"Can you accommodate myself and horse till to-morrow?" I asked. "I am tired, and would rather stop here than ride on to the hotel at the next village."

After a moment's thought and scrutiny of my face and dress she replied:

"Yes, I guess so; if you'll take care of your horse yourself."

I agreed to the condition, and she called a child to show me the stable. A little, toddling 4-year-old girl came and went before me, down behind a knoll, where I found a dilapidated barn, into which I introduced my horse.

The presence of the child surprised me. I had not thought there had been a child on the premises for years. I tried to make her talk, but she would not, or could not, so I walked back to the house.

It was somewhat past their dinner hour, and I said I wanted nothing to eat till supper. I saw no one but the woman and child, and began to think I had courted a fit of ennui in yielding to my impulse and coming to this quiet place.

I thought of the heliotrope at the door, and wondered if it belonged to this woman. I studied her face, and decided that if she wished to cultivate flowers she would choose a bright, double marigold.

I sauntered out of doors, and round into the front yard; the flower pot was gone. My hostess had not removed it, I knew. I had already woven a little plot, the heroine of which should be a sweet, blue eyed blonde, the owner of the heliotrope. Blondes were my favorites, and this lady must be a Saxon beauty.

At supper, a slight, dark girl came and sat down at table opposite me. She bestowed a deliberate, inquiring look upon me, and then ate her supper, never even glancing my way again. It was very provoking; that prolonged look seemed to satisfy her that I was so very ordinary appearing that there was no need of bestowing on me another glance. I think I looked at her during the whole meal; I could not help it. Her dark face drew my eyes, and unconsciously challenged them to peruse it. Her eyes were large and dark, the darkness seeming to lie principally in the great power of expansion in the pupil, which was luminous and soft; so it was then, though I afterward learned that it did not always possess that quality.

I launched several topics of conversation, watching her meanwhile, hoping she would favor my frail barks with fair wind, but she did no such thing; she sat indifferently, and saw every little conversational venture sink down disabled without saying a word to save it. I mentioned a number of places I had visited, in the forlorn hope that I might hit upon one she had seen, and that she might manifest it. At last I spoke of hearing a celebrated lecturer at a certain town. At the mention of the man's name her whole countenance darkened like a cloud where one expects to see lightning playing, but she did not look up, and I saw no lightning.

"I won't go away from here till I have found you out and made you talk," I said to myself, when she rose from the table and left the room without having articulated a single word.

So on the impulse of the moment, because this woman had wounded my vanity, I made that resolve whose execution changed my life as completely as lives can be changed.

I devoted myself to my hostess, and finally retired to my room, with the agreeable conviction that I had made a good impression upon that lady, and that she would board me as long as I wanted to stay. I was to pay her a good price; perhaps that had something to do with her ready consent.

"Allow me to assist you; I am supposed to be stronger than you," I said the next morning when I found the young lady in the barn constructing, with hammer, boards and nails, some sort of a box—something for a plant, I imagined.

"Thank you," was the answer; "this does not require much strength; it is only my dexterity that is called into play."

Her voice was even and harmonious; she spoke with the intonation of polite society.

I was rude enough to stand by her several seconds, with watchful eyes, noting the flexible form in its crimson morning gown. If I had been a woman I should have said, "That is the color most consonant with that face;" but as I am a man I only had a dim realization that the pallidity of her countenance was relieved by the warm tint she wore, and, little as I knew the girl, I felt an indescribable recognition of her hot, passionful spirit in the significant fitness of that beautiful crimson. Some unknown link between her temperament and the outside world had made that vital hue the silent interpreter of her characteristics.

As I looked at her, she raised her hammer and struck it on a nail she was holding in place; the nail glanced from its position, and she drove it through the flesh part of one of the fingers of her left hand. I uttered an exclamation, and endeavored to take the hammer from her hand. She smiled a little strange smile, and clenched her fingers over the handle to prevent my getting it—then she drew the nail from her bleeding fingers and pounded it in its place with an energy that had something of spite in it.

"What can one do with such a woman as that?" almost burst from my lips, so impetuously did it cross my mind.

She rose from her knees and began binding up her hand with her handkerchief very tenderly, and with an expression of soft, self pity on her face. I took the hand in mine and swathed it in the gossamer handkerchief; as I did so I saw a name marked in its corner. Thinking that if I wanted to know her I must take advantage of every circumstance I scrutinized the marking and read aloud—"Viviane Clare."



"Allow me to assist you."

"Excuse me, Miss Clare," I said; "I know I am very rude, but I wish to become possessed of the right to speak to you, and you see I am bold enough to seize the first opportunity of learning your name."

She withdrew her hand with a suddenness that was almost a jerk, and instantly became absorbed in tending it again.

"I wish I had persisted in my intention of doing your carpentering for you," I said.

"I suppose you think if you had persisted you would have succeeded, don't you?" she asked, with a laugh that was very musical, while it was slightly satirical.

"I realize now that I should have been defeated in my humane desire," I replied. "You have not yet pardoned me for discovering your name by stratagem," I continued. "In atonement let me tell you that the name by which men know me is Jarl Perrom."

I bowed as I ceased speaking; she did not look up to perceive it; she only said:

"Thank you, Mr. Perrom," with an indescribable accent of polite derision, that pierced me like sharp steel.

"I hope you will experience no evil effects from the wound," I said, lowering my eyelids to hide my vexed eyes. "With your permission, I will lead my horse from the stall, as he wants grooming."

I thought she would go out at that; but she said:

"I don't mind it;" and turned to her boards and nails again.

There she crouched, graceful as a couchant leopard, fumbling with her bandaged left hand, and making quick, telling strokes with her right. I never groomed a horse with so distracted a mind before. Under my hands he grew pettish and fractious, and I narrowly escaped being kicked several times. At [illegible] and was turning to come out, when Miss Clare spoke. Apparently she had not looked at me before since I took the horse out.

She said, with mirthful voice:

"You have given that horse rope enough to get tangled about his fore legs if he is so inclined, and cause a catastrophe."

With a burning face I saw my blunder, and rectified it, feeling very much like chopping off my hands for having been so awkward.

"I confess I am not used to being my own groom," I said; "your knowledge is as useful as it is uncommon."

She did not reply; and as I had no pretense to stay longer, I stalked out of the barn, with a frivolous, secret wonder in my mind as to whether she was going to transplant her heliotrope, for she seemed now preparing to fill her box with earth. I settled the question, however, with a grunt of sarcasm, by muttering to myself that "she was going to have another womanish plant to dawdle over."

I had to admit, though, that she did not look like a woman to dawdle about anything.

With this admission in my mind I went into the house, and looked round for the heliotrope. I found it by a sunny window.

For some reason I liked this plant. Something in its royal violet appealed to me as the insignia of Miss Clare's idiosyncrasies; its rich perfume was the fitting aroma of her imperial nature; it bore itself as the princely gonfalon of the hosts of her heart and head; under such an ensign did I already wish to enlist. I thought with a smile, that, though Miss Clare was not a blonde, yet I would like to follow her standard.

"You like flowers, I suppose, Mrs. Jerdan," I said to my hostess, as I stood over the blossom, inhaling with epicurean breaths its incomparable richness.

"Yes, well enough. But I never should think of fussing about that thing as Miss Clare does. She brought it away from home with her, and has taken the greatest care of it ever since."

"Then this is not her home," I remarked indifferently.

"Oh, no; she only boards here for a while."

"Mrs. Jerdan is right," spoke Miss Clare's tuneful voice from the doorway. "I am here as long as I wish to stay. My home is in Boston."

Was it her particular province to discompose and confuse me? If it had been, she could not have succeeded more entirely.

I looked down at the girl's eyes and said:

"You have discovered that I am interested in you."

"I have discovered that you experience a feeling, which, if you were a woman, I should surely call curiosity," she answered, advancing toward me and stopping by her plant, fondling it with dainty fingers.

"I don't like to have you call the feeling by that name," I said, with an air that implied that she could awaken a stronger sensation than mere curiosity. I found that every such gallant attempt was lost upon her.

She looked up in my face and indifferently asked:

"Why not? Does the imputation wound your dignity?"

I noted that, now that the pupils were contracted, her eyes were hazel gray. I replied to her Yankee directness by an indistinct murmur, for in truth I did not know what to say. Then I remarked:

"Your heliotrope is getting too large for this pot; you must transplant it, unless you want it to blossom itself to death."

"Yes, it was for this pet of mine that I was wounded this morning; I am going to put it in a box to-morrow. It will flourish greenly and bless me with sweetness, in return for my love. It is not human at all, Mr. Perrom."

"You are too young to be a cynic," I said, secretly glad of this remark she had volunteered, and astonished at myself that I was so glad.

"It is not years that make a cynic," was the reply; "it is life, and there is so much of life sometimes in a day."

I did not hazard a response to that remark, though I wished to speak in terms I feared she would resent as too personal. A silence of several minutes followed. The harsh lines around her mouth, the retrospective appearance of her face, made me imagine her to be thinking of something disagreeable in her past.

At last I said:

"Can I be of any assistance in transplanting, to-morrow?"

Her face did not change as she said:

"Thank you, none whatever," and walked away.

What vagary had taken possession of me, prompting me to like this girl? Something that I felt would soon develop itself into that which would prove more vital than a mere freak. Though I could not, with any reason, decide why I had become so conscious of this attraction, yet I felt it to be, if erratic as lightning, as powerful and as sure to its mark. I did not love the girl. I do not think I believe in the idea of the growth of anything so complete, so perfect as love, in one or two days. I do not deny its possibility for some natures, where the whole previous life seems to have been attuned by invisible hands for this meeting and this love. But for me, who have groped in earth's dryness and dustiness, I did not expect a sudden purification for the reception of the glorious guest.

I had been at the isolated farm house a fortnight, and had seen very little of Miss Clare. In the meantime, when I sat at my reading or writing I occasionally heard the report of a pistol from somewhere back of the house. For a long time I wondered what boy or young man was practicing shooting, or what pigeons and quails were suffering from his expertness. At last, one morning, as an incessant "crack, crack!" came up against my window, I took my little revolver from its case and went out in search of the marksman. The air was cool and frosty and came against my face with the very essence of winter in it. Hurrying on to keep warm, I came upon Miss Clare, who was standing about a dozen paces from a target board nailed upon a tree. When I came up she was standing with her face turned from me, loading her pistol. She wore a short, loose, double breasted fur jacket and a fur cap. The cap did not become her; her face was too proudly, coldly cut for such a half jaunty thing. I took out my own pistol and examined it, while she asked me if I was a good shot.

"Ordinary," I answered.

"Well, let me see," she said, and stood aside for me to take her place and shoot. I did so, and was sufficiently mortified at seeing that my shot went so wide of the mark as to emphasize my remark that I was ordinarily skilled. However, I knew I could do better and I fired two more charges, both of which went full upon the eye of the target.

"That is a great deal better than I can do," remarked Miss Clare, stepping up and firing with so little appearance of taking aim that I wondered her bullet came so near—within a quarter of an inch of the mark. We practiced for half an hour, and I proved myself more clever at the art than Miss Clare. I wished to offer myself as instructor and companion, but the fear of being repulsed prevented me. I might have dispensed with that diffidence, for, when we were returning to the house, she asked:

"Initiate me into the mysteries, will you?"

"Of Eleusis?" inquired I, laughing and wondering what she meant.

She replied with ready tongue:

"No; I have the insufficient key of Æschylus for that. I mean I want Mr. Perrom to teach me to shoot."

"You can shoot now."

"You require explicitness, I see. I want you to teach me how to hit the mark when I do shoot. Will you?"

I believe I concealed the exultation which those words gave me. I only answered:

"With pleasure."

"When shall we commence?" she asked.

"To-morrow," I said.

All day I had a to-morrow to which to look forward. I confess to the childishness of thinking as often as once every quarter hour that the next day I was to practice shooting with Miss Clare. I believe I should not have had occasion to accuse myself of this had I been anywhere else than in this solitary place, where there were but few outside influences to intrude themselves upon me. I had seen but two carriages upon the road since my arrival there, and after my morning gallop over long stretches of brown field, I had nothing to do but read, write and think. I was often in the mood at that period of my life, when, if I was idle for any length of time, my thoughts became as errant as my material nature was slothful; they would persist in wandering to that which they liked best. Now my emotions or my roused interest were the waymarks, all pointing to the path my thoughts should take—everything made me think, almost with a painful exclusiveness, of Miss Clare. I had nearly reached my thirtieth year, and I could not lay to extreme youth a concentration of thought which I had never before experienced in regard to a woman.

A leaden flow of the blood through my veins, a heavy thudding of my temples when I went to bed that night, gave promise of something beside an accurate eye and true aim for the morning. The next day's sunlight, when it came in on my face through the window, fell with cruel brightness upon eyes which had not slept through the night. I felt that I was either very ill or was getting ready to be so. I was determined to rise and go down stairs, however, and after repeated failures I at length succeeded in dressing, and when I had rested awhile I started for the stairway. How I ever got down those stairs I never knew, but I fainted dead away at the bottom. I remember, when the first sensation of faintness came upon me, that my mind framed a curse that my man's strength should have left me. Before I could shape my lips to utter the imprecation they were powerless to do so. A sprinkling of water on my face and a wet hand on my forehead were the first sensations of returning consciousness. Before I had power to open my eyes I hoped the hand was Miss Clare's. I had a dim idea that it was soft, and, consequently, must be hers.

I opened my eyes, and in the dusky light of the passageway I saw that Miss Clare was beside me.

"We shall not shoot this morning, shall we, Mr. Perrom, since you are so provoking as to be ill?" was the first remark she made, softly bathing my forehead in the meantime.

"Perhaps we shall," I said, writhing from her hand. "This accursed faintness may pass away in a little while."

I ground my teeth in a rage at my incapability.

"The sickness will hardly go away today, I think. Can you rise?" she asked.

"I think so."

I made a cumbersome movement to stand up, but should have failed in the effort had not Miss Clare taken my hands and assisted me. Ill and half confused as I was, I vividly felt the firm, warm clasp of her slender fingers. It was the first time our hands had met. Conscious of the present wish that they might never more be strangers, I said, faintly and earnestly:

"I really hope, Miss Clare, that you are as sorry as I that I cannot accompany you this morning—and that is hoping a great deal."

I leaned against the lower part of the balusters, and looked through the dim light at my companion. It seemed to me that her haughty mouth was softened somewhat—that her eyes were less distant in their splendor. She was going to be kind to the sick man, however she might be to him when he was well.

"I am very sorry, Mr. Perrom; more sorry that you are ill. I am afraid you have over exerted yourself in some way. Perhaps you have written too much; I have guessed that you write a great deal."

There was so enchanting, subtle a sweetness in her voice, that I acknowledged to myself, as I weakly stood, supported by the stair case, that I would willingly endure an illness for the sake of hearing it. Those tones murmured in all cadences through my wild dreams for the next few weeks. Musical and kind as were her words, I could not but own that it was not a music for me alone; it was not the exclusive harmony for one heart only—it was the kindness of her womanly nature toward all suffering, and she was so gifted as to be able to display it more bountifully than some women.

"Though I have written much," I said, "I cannot accuse myself of over exertion. If I have offended against the laws of health, it has been unconsciously."

She came a step nearer and said, somewhat hastily:

"I do not know why I have allowed you to stand so long in this cold hall. You should have known better. Allow me to assist you to your room; then I will send Mrs. Jerdan to attend to you. Now try to get up these stairs; take my arm—lean heavily; do not fear—I am strong."

I obeyed her implicitly; had I wished to do otherwise, I had not the power. At every other step I stopped and sternly, intensely tried to steady my quivering limbs and swimming head. It was useless—I could not do it. At one of these pauses Miss Clare looked at me attentively and said:

"It's of no use—you can't succeed; not because you have not the will, but because your will partakes of the weakness of your physical nature. Yield, throw aside your pride, and humbly wait till nature recuperates herself."

I did not answer till I reached my own door; then, as I rested before entering, I said:

"It is hardly consistent for you to advise like that."

"How do you know?" with a surprise that appeared to have a little alarm in it.

"By your face," I said.

She looked relieved, and turned to go. I called her back.

"You must be brief," she remonstrated; "I don't want to have you fainting again."

"I only wanted to ask you, in case I am unconscious, not to allow Mrs. Jerdan to have a physician here who is very ignorant. I have little faith in country doctors—not much in any. You'll know by his appearance if he's a quack. Prescribe for me yourself, rather than allow such to attend me. You promise?"

I held out my unsteady hand. She took it and said, "I promise;" then ran down stairs for Mrs. Jerdan. I staggered into my room and fell upon the bed, utterly in the grasp of that unseen, strange power of disease. The next month is not a blank to me, though but for a few blessed memories I should pray that it might be so. There were some moments of calm, moments when I opened my weary eyes in realization of everything around me. Twice I saw Miss Clare sitting near; she gave me back an answering look of intelligence to that which she saw in my face. I did not speak. I had not the slightest wish to do so. I closed my eyes with a feeling of deep and entire relief, for, while I realized her presence, I feared no more the incubus of fever.

The days of convalescence at last dawned upon me. Sleep, the merciful and all-healing, smiled upon my tired soul. There were days when it seemed to me that I slept nearly all the time—slept with a sense of quiet bliss that made me wish for nothing beyond the present.

When I fell into the habit of lying peacefully awake for several hours, I noticed that the doctor came every day. I thought him a quiet, reliable man, who appeared to understand his business. I secretly wondered if his was the obscure fate of practicing in the little village near by. As soon as I had sufficient energy and strength to talk, I asked him where he lived.

"In M.," mentioning a city about thirty miles away.

"Do you come from there every day?" I asked.

"Yes; why not?"

I did not reply, but inquired eagerly, "Who sent for you?"

"I don't know. I only know for whom I was sent." He smiled tantalizingly and went out.

I had not seen Miss Clare since the fever left me. The next time Mrs. Jerdan came in I asked if Miss Clare would come up a moment. She had gone to walk, Mrs. Jerdan replied; she would give her my message when she returned.

I lay dreamily waiting for her coming, my wasted fingers aimlessly playing with the counterpane, folding and unfolding, doubling and undoubling, with the restless wandering of a sick person.

At last—my heart beat heavier as I heard it—a faint rustle of garments in the passage, and Miss Clare opened the door. She advanced with quiet tread to my side, and took a hand of mine in hers. My weakened frame felt the revivifying effect of the vital life and electricity in her, as my hand closed round her fingers. I had not sufficient control over myself to prevent my eyes from eagerly devouring her face. Her eyelids drooped beneath my gaze. She smiled and spoke:

"So, Mr. Perrom, you think yourself sufficiently recovered to receive a visitor?"

"I think myself well enough to receive you," I said, feebly detaining the hand she attempted to withdraw.

"As I get better, I grow curious," I continued, relinquishing with a smothered sigh the fingers that lay passively in mine.

"Yes, I think your nature is essentially inquisitive," she said, sitting down in a low chair near me. "Do you desire any information that I can give you?"

"How came you to know of this physician from M.?" I asked, half fearing that it might have been Mrs. Jerdan who had procured him. She replied directly:

"A friend of mine in Boston has great faith in him; so, after one interview with the doctor over there in the village, I sent to M.; I hope you are favorably impressed by him, for I think he has done very well by you."

"And you didn't like the village doctor?"

"Like him!" with a slight laugh, "he would have bled and blistered you to death; and, as you placed your life in my hands, I felt some compunctions. Though not so tender hearted as I should be, I would be willing to leave only my enemy in the hands of an ignorant quack."

Her voice sounded so [illegible], so musical, after my long [illegible], that I would willingly have [illegible] hours, even had she spoken nothing but the veriest insipidities. She sat by a small light stand, on which stood a few vials and a glass; she rested one arm on the stand, and bent slightly forward as she spoke; her position one of easy, limbless grace; her form, in its soft, dun-hued dress, was elegant and bewitching in every curve; the faint fragrance that hung around her stole sweetly upon my senses; and her face—what strange happiness it gave me only to look at her face again! Those large eyes looked quietly at me, or glanced casually about the room. In them lay the wonderful power of her face; in them lay quiescent the fire and sweetness of her soul—the terrible anger and unfathomable kindness of her nature. I saw, too, that her mouth was another index to her temperament; that its proud lips betokened the furious volcanic disposition, which was probably an inheritance, and which she had never learned to control.

At length, I roused myself and spoke:

"I am very grateful to you, Miss Clare. When I regain a little of my former strength, I will try to tell you how thankful I am; for I did not wish to die."

She rose and moved toward the door.

"You are very weak now, and you exaggerate. Have you any message for Mrs. Jerdan?"

"None. Don't desert me in my convalescence, will you?"

"You'll soon be able to desert us," she said, with her hand on the door and a smile on her face.

"But I shall not have the will," I cried.

"Well, good-by." She was in the passage now.

"Good-by," I groaned, rather than said, for all the light seemed leaving the room.

CHAPTER II.

Now that I commenced to live again I grew rapidly better. The pulse of health bounded freer and stronger every day. In my inmost heart I acknowledged that to my illness I owed a nearer approach to Miss Clare than I could have effected in that time by usual intercourse. And, contradictorily, I was discontented and unhappy in thinking so. She had been kind to the invalid; it had now become my dearest hope of happiness that she might some day be kind to the man simply for his own sake.

While I was imprisoned in my room I saw Miss Clare only once or twice; but when I got below stairs and could walk up and down at the sunny side of the house, I insisted upon Miss Clare's accompanying me, and flatly refused to go without her. At first I was sadly afraid she would resist—I saw signs of it in her eyes—and I was already preparing to maintain my request, when she suddenly yielded and gracefully went with me.

The ground was frozen stiff, icicles hung on the old well sweep, and the dying sycamore looked wilder and more melancholy than ever. I shuddered with an undefinable dread of something evil to come. I looked at Miss Clare. She was gazing absently at the clear, far off sky—that steely, beautiful sky which sometimes seems so far away from us. Her face was reserved and sad; not sarcastic, as I had feared it might be. I had thought of numberless things to say to her, while I sat alone in my room; now they all left me, and I spoke in an indifferent tone.

"Now that our New England winter has really set in, I suppose you will be returning to the gayeties of your home."

She turned toward me and spoke quickly:

"Of my home?"

"Yes—of Boston," I replied, a little surprised at the peculiar expression of her face and the ironical ring in her tone. "You will prove false to feminine nature by staying away from a city home during the winter season."

I saw that I had chosen an unfortunate subject, but some evil whispering tempted me to continue.

"Are you going soon?" I asked.

The voice in which she replied precluded the possibility of speaking upon that topic again.

"Really, Mr. Perrom, I have not yet decided."

I had called the cynical expression to her face, and there was no more genial kindness that morning. I wondered at my stupidity—I had forced her to walk with me and then studiously made myself disagreeable. I went out alone the next day and every time after.

Soon I resumed my morning horseback excursions, and after one or two of those rides I felt the glorious elixir of health again pulsing in my frame; I was no longer weak; I was once more a man among men.

One cold, still morning in January I took my pistols from their case and entered Mrs. Jerdan's sitting room in search of Miss Clare. She was reading by the fire, and received me with the easy cordiality which sometimes distinguished her, and which appeared entirely at variance with the moods in which she occasionally indulged.

"You remember I promised to teach you to shoot," I said; "I have come to claim my pupil."

Her eyes shone with pleasure. "You are very kind not to forget," she said.

"I must acknowledge it is not a disinterested kindness," I responded, allowing the impulse of my heart to betray itself in my face. I held those eyes to mine for an instant that was forever after remembered by me. Men do not forget the first time the woman beloved comes near to them in one full glance. She did not give me back the passion that burned in my eyes; the language I read was that of surprised inquiry, not of repellant scorn that despised its discovery.

We went out toward the field where she had left her target still nailed to the tree. No merciful premonition of that which was to come gave me warning to turn back with the girl who walked with me. Happily we went on. Over Miss Clare's face was the soft pride that so enthralled me. Gentler, more kind than I had ever before seen them, her eyes seemed as she talked; in their gray deeps a luminous shadow seemed to dwell that baffled while it drew me on. I loved her entirely, devotedly, with heart and soul and strength, and now I only waited the opportunity to tell her what she might have seen.

"I am going to astonish you," she said, as she took her place to shoot, and fired with the same careless air which I had noticed before. The result showed her improvement.

"You have been practicing," I exclaimed. "It is unfair if you have surpassed your teacher."

As I handed back her pistol after loading it she said in a subdued voice:

"Do you know, it seems as if I were infatuated with this shooting? I have come here day after day—I did not exactly like it, but somehow I could not help it. I believe I am superstitious. It seems, Mr. Perrom, that some demon has impelled me to perfect myself in this unwomanly pastime. I have shuddered as I think of some horrible object to

[Continued Next Week.]

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McKean County Miner

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[illegible] ROOKES, Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., May 10, 1889

MAJOR J W SHAW, of Bradford, is a candidate for one of the assistant attorneys under the U S attorney general. We hope he will get there

THE Republicans of the entire country will rejoice to hear that the report proves true, that General Adam King, of Baltimore, is to be appointed consul general at Paris General King is one of the most eloquent Republican orators in the United States.

It is thought that Hon F W Palmer, of Chicago, will be appointed government printer by President Harrison We are inclined to think that Brother Green, of the Olean Times, will join us in the hope that Palmer will make it, for then we would be pretty sure of having a friend at court. LATER—Palmer was appointed on Tuesday afternoon of this week. Good

THERE were truth and force in the following passage in Washington's inaugural address, delivered at New York April 30, 1789, and it has lost nothing since "No people can be bound to acknowledge and adore the Invisible Hand which conducts the affairs of men more than the people of the United States Every step by which they have advanced to the character of an independent nation seems to have been distinguished by some token of providential agency."

THE legislature adjourned yesterday Its record is a creditable one with two or three exceptions, one of the most glaring being the trip to New York, at the expense of the State For the first time in the history of the commonwealth, the legislature appropriated money from the treasury to pay the expense of its members to a big spree. Another outrageous bill is the one increasing the salaries of judges throughout the commonwealth, which passed the House finally on Tuesday night last. We are gratified to know that Judges Olmsted and Morrison of this district were opposed to this bill because of its unconstitutionality, and that our members Messrs. Burdick and Griffith, voted against it

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

[From our own correspondent.]

HARRISBURG May 6 The rested legislators returned to their labors on Thursday last from their trip to New York and at once began their legislative duties. Both branches, promptly at 9 o'clock in the morning, convened and before noon the senate had finished its calendar. The house, however, made progress more slowly, but notwithstanding, it plodded along through its three sessions and when the day's work was over substantial progress was observable

There was a little ripple of excitement in the senate at Saturday morning's session over a committee report of a house bill, which it is said has for its object the repealing of a law relating to a gauger of oils in Pittsburgh The municipal affairs committee of the senate had considered the bill referred to and ordered it to be reported affirmatively and for this purpose gave the bill to Senator Upperman, of Pittsburgh to report For some reason or other this senator was detained until after the order, "reports from committees" was passed Senator Delamater, however, viewing with some suspicion the absence of Mr Upperman, procured a duplicate copy of the bill in question and had it reported and read a first time Later in the session Senator Upperman returned to the senate chamber and rising to a question of personal privilege asked if house bill 760 had been reported On an affirmative reply being received his eyes flashed fire as he proceeded to read Senator Delamater a lecture on senatorial courtesy An explanation was attempted but Mr Upperman declared that such an unheard-of proceeding did not admit of an explanation It was an act of discourtesy towards Allegheny's senators that could not go unrebuked The "caucus bells" was soon removed and quiet and peace restored, but an interesting sequel to the proceeding came out later and that is The bill in question is an "innocent little measure, passed in the interest of economy, it is said, but which in reality is intended to aim a blow at the power of Chris Magee, whose appointee is the incumbent of the office which the bill proposes to legislate out of existence

Senator Upperman is a friend of Mr Magee and his absence was at once construed as a trick to retain the bill until it might be too late to consider it and Senator Delamater concluded, at any cost, to get the bill before the senate. The proceeding occasioned some discussion in the senate for a while, but it speedily passed and all went along smoothly again.

Another lively night was observed in the Senate deliberations during last week, and that was Pres. *pro tem* Grady turning economist and reformer, and [illegible] many of the appropriation bills for private charity, because, as he says, the State Treasury is being systematically robbed by these "leeches on the State bounty" The supreme ridiculousness of his economy was reached however, when he attacked a bill which proposed to increase the compensation from $25 to $50 per month of the one legged and battle scarred veteran, who is the keeper and custodian of the flag room at Harrisburg. Senator Grady knew lots of old soldiers who would take the job for half of $25 per month. This was crowding the veteran soldier element in the Senate a little too hard, and Senators Allen, Thompson and Gobin proceeded to read Senator Grady a lecture on war and the obligations the non combatants during our late unpleasantness are under to those who did go to the front, and brave the fury of the enemy's shot and shell, and especially to those who left limbs on the battle field. The debate was earnest and warm and there was a large audience to listen to it. The bill was passed finally, the only dissenting vote being Senator Grady's.

The next three days will be given to conference committee's reports and to concurring in the bills that have been amended in either house after passing the chamber in which they originated. There is no doubt that the Legislature will adjourn finally on the 9th inst.

[illegible]

THE LESSON OF THE OLD BAY STATE.

EDITOR MINER:—Our friends who favor the amendment claim that the farmers of Massachusetts beat the prohibition amendment in that state at the recent election But is it not a fact that the overwhelming defeat of the proposition was effected as much through other agencies? Were not many of the ablest lawyers of the state, headed by Judge E R Hoar ex Governor Gaston and John Quincy Adams united in protesting against the amendment as unconstitutional and insisting that such a change, if desirable, should be effected through statute enactment? Did not a large number of clergymen like the two Peabodys, O B Frothingham, Dr Winslow, Rabb. Schindler Geo S Converse, L W Saltonstall and Henry Ainsworth Parker publish a protest against the amendment? Dr Phillips Brooks of the Episcopal church, Dr C A Bartol, one of the most eloquent divines of the Methodist church in this country Edward Abbott, and other eminent clergymen opposed the amendment from the pulpit and in the press While on the other hand a most significant fact appeared in the canvass that the keepers of all the dens in the cities worked hard for the adoption of the amendment

Dr Brooks said in his last day discourse that he had "no reproach to bring against the most extravagant of temperance reformers," for he can well understand the feeling which leads to some account "no measure too sweeping too radical, too venturesome, for the suppression of that which lies at the basis and root of so much sin and misery that beset our land" But he gently intimates "To many of us it seems as if restrictive legislation, which is not prohibitory legislation, but which is continually educating the restraining process upon the restraining consciences of men—upon those inclined to self indulgence in intoxicating drink, and those restraining themselves for the benefit of others is the true policy"

Rev N H Chamberlain, of St John's church, East Boston gave his views of the proposition to insert a prohibition amendment in the constitution of which I extract the following, to show how many of the Massachusetts clergymen looked upon this question He said "I hold that the prohibition amendment should not pass It should not pass, because it is unnatural wrong headed and impossible unnatural because it attempts to bind the passion of drunkenness with an outside law instead of drying it up with an inner grace of good morals and self respect wrong headed and ill judged, because as the event is likely to show after all the expense, rancor and ill blood engendered in the debate, not only will this amendment fail to pass, but proofs will not be wanting that had it passed, it would have been an aggravation of drunkenness an ally of practically free rum impossible, because to exterminate drunkenness or any other sin is what God never undertakes to do what man never did nor can ever do Law represses, does not, can not exterminate Local option and high license represses, regulate, in my judgment, and do not attempt the folly of exterminating as the prohibition amendment does.

I claim that the influence of eminent lawyers and clergymen of Massachusetts had much more to do in defeating the amendment than the cider question with the farmers

VINDEX

Bradford May 7 1889

REPLY TO JOSEPH BACHER.

EDITOR MINER In your issue of April 19th, Joseph Bacher comes to the front with a little free advice and assurance "to the young generation and especially to the kickers of America" That same free advice and assurance is an extremely stale chestnut, and as far as that old musty volume on "American Labor" is concerned he might as well "mislay" it again for all the good the information it contains [illegible] Mr Bacher infers that protection has been the cause of placing American labor so much above that of European countries In fact he not only infers but avers that since the "free-trade party has just been replaced by the party of protection" and that if the latter is only kept in power labor has nothing to do but go to work and stop kicking

I would respectfully remind Mr Bacher that all reforms are brought about through "kickers." The masses are, as a rule, obliged to spend so much of their time in bread coming —not only in Europe but of late in America also—that it has been an easy matter for their masters to impose almost any kind of burdens and impositions upon them, which has been done and not alone by the party of free trade, but as well by the party of protection Labor has finally taken a tumble—to make use of a very expressive provincialism—and has found it pays to employ some one to look out for that interest

To attribute the cause of higher wages in this country than in Europe to protection, or to claim that our rapid growth of wealth and population are due to our protective policy is as preposterous and as stupid as to say that our large cities owe their growth and prosperity to rats, or houses of prostitution Protection, like the last mentioned evils, came after prosperity and all three are the result, and not cause There is no more abject and hopeless case of protection idiocity than that displayed by those who mistake the effect for the cause Why do men flock to America by the hundred thousands now, and why did they come here 250 years ago and undergo privations that would make one sick at heart now? Was it and is it for the same reason, in order to find a country where there was heavy duty on all importations? No, indeed not. They came here then and are still coming because here they can get cheap land and cheap opportunities for building a home and accumulating a competence for their old age and posterity

It is very plain to any thinking man that in a society where manufactured articles are in demand and where the people can not make something else with less labor to exchange for these articles that they will go to work to manufacture them, and all the encouragement they need, and all they would expect is the knowledge that there is a demand for them at a price as high, or a little higher than the same amount of labor would produce in other districts How absurd it seems to see our government, "by the people," compelling themselves to pay one and a half times for what they might get by paying once In the case of fish what can be more ridiculously absurd than for a government, by and for the people, to place from 30 to 50 per cent of a tariff on all imported fish, that is, to artificially raise the price that much to all consumers from the lakes to the gulf and from the Atlantic to the Pacific merely to put that 30 or 50 per cent. of an increase in price into the pockets of the few New Englanders who are in this business, merely upon the small amount they furnish of that kind of food to the whole people, and then turn around and establish fish commissions for the purpose of encouraging the propagation of fish at home. That kind of statesmanship is called protection A simple application of this great scheme would be to put obstructions at the mouth of every stream of water in the United States to prevent fish from coming up the streams freely, and then establish a commission for the purpose of distributing young fish to those who wish to go into the fish business, and thereby establish a monopoly of that particular enterprise. All I can see in the protection of home industry is the establishing of monopolies, against which even those loudest in advocacy of the protection policy are kicking, but still go on taking the effect for the cause. I would like to have explained to me, some good reason for the people of a country to go deliberately at work to make it difficult and expensive for them to obtain what they really need and then with the other hand try to make it come cheaper again

What is the difference whether I produce boots and shoes, corn, wheat, or potatoes cabbage, or wooden toothpicks, if I can exchange what has cost me a day's labor in any of the above articles for what would cost me the same day's labor to produce, and which I need still worse than any of the above I can see perfectly clearly what the difference would be if I could exchange any of the above articles produced by myself at the cost of a day's labor for an article—that I must have—which would cost me two day's labor What I cannot see is the consistency in the government stepping in and adjusting it so as to make or compel me to exchange, even though my neighbor across the line is anxious to make the change in such a manner as to save me 100 per cent of labor

Now brother Bacher, read up and don't make any more such breaks I am a member of that same "party of protection" but not because it is such. It is because I think there is more probability of getting relief through that than any other party

You refer to the "party of free trade" If there is such a party I am not aware of it If there were really a political organization based upon a free trade and free land I should be sorely tempted to desert the g. o. p., but "tariff for revenue only," "tax reform" or any other make believe will not do it

"Rah for the g. o. p. and free trade! That doesn't sound very harmonious at first, but one soon becomes accustomed to most any thing by habit

W S BROWN

Southard Pa., April 30 1889

FOR THE AMENDMENT

THE CASE OF CIDER

Ex-Chief Justice Agnew on the bearing of Prohibition on This Important Question—Hard Cider will be Affected by the Amendment.

BEAVER, PA., Feb 20 On the subject of Prohibition and Cider Judge Agnew writes as follows

Another device of the opponents of prohibition is to alarm the farmers on the ground that the amendment will forbid the making of cider This is really absurd, but the statement needs a denial

The words of the amendment are the manufacture, sale or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor to be used as a beverage is hereby prohibited"

To make cider is not to manufacture an intoxicating liquor Cider is the mere juice of the apple and is not an intoxicant when first made A small might the eating of apples be forbidden. It requires fermentation to produce alcohol, the intoxicating principle of hard cider Every farmer knows he does not make hard cider It must stand several weeks before it becomes hard, and the next process is the acetous fermentation which makes it vinegar

Then look at the absurdity of compelling the constable to visit all the farmers in his township to find out whether the owners have made cider But if pressing out the juice of apples is manufacturing an intoxicating liquor, the cider mill is as necessary to be returned as a distillery or a brewery Such is the absurdity the opponents of a valuable reform are reduced to in order to defame it and carry off votes

It is to be hoped no farmer who has an apple orchard will suffer himself to be imposed upon by the silly assertion that cider is within the amendment until it has undergone fermentation and become hard

He can make all the cider he pleases and sell it before it has reached the point when it becomes intoxicating, or [illegible] gar and then sell it

Of course the man who sells or keeps for sale hard cider as a beverage will come within the amendment But we presume no farmer wishes or intends to do this. It is not necessary because he would make cider to do it for then he would voluntarily incur the prohibition All farmers have to do is to follow the business of their farms as heretofore, and not to turn themselves into bar keepers or sellers of intoxicating drinks. The juice of the apple, like the juice of the grape, is harmless when pressed It is only when fermentation has taken place one becomes hard and the other becomes wine

DANIEL AGNEW

IN AN interview with the New York *Herald* reporter after the Washington centennial General Sherman paid the following compliment to the Pennsylvania National Guard The regulars of Continental nations have generally been ignorant, stupid peasants, who required prolonged training to become soldiers Our keen bright fellows acquire with great rapidity the essentials of military life The Pennsylvania division is entitled to more praise for being a compact body of troops ready for the field than any other State National Guard They were no holiday soldiers. The system in vogue by which the Pennsylvanias can be mobilized at very short notice should be adopted by every state in the union. The old 'Bucktail' division of General McCall, the Pennsylvania reserve, which came to Washington when ordered there, was very much such a body as General Hartranft's men who marched to-day"

WASHINGTON was not immaculate, says the St Louis *Globe-Democrat*! He was perhaps as nearly so as the conditions demanded, but at times he betrayed the usual weaknesses of mankind, and allowed himself to act very much like a being of ordinary clay. History tells us plainly that he could be profane under reasonable provocation, that he liked an occasional glass of rum, and that he enjoyed a game of cards now and then for small stakes. It is not to be disputed that he bought lottery tickets, and when we say heaven left him childless that all the land might call him father, it does not follow that he was exempt from common passions and temptations.

LITERARY NOTES.

PHOTOGRAPHING BY HEAT.

It may be said that photographs can be taken by heat as well as by light. The action of the shorter waves of energy which we call light is quicker and sooner manifest to the eye than the action of the long waves which we call heat; but the invisible heat rays in the solar spectrum have been photographed. The slow action of heat in changing the molecular state of bodies is well known. It is probable that an emulsion could be formed which would give an image of a hot black kettle in a dark chamber The element of time, however, would probably be an important one.

Indeed we are often presented with evidences of the picture-making facility of heat rays. A fern leaf upon ice is soon represented, by the different of molecular action. A stationary carriage-wheel standing in the sun upon the frozen ground is found to have left its photograph upon the ground when it moves on.—Prof. John Trowbridge in the May *Scribner's*.

SCENERY OF PUGET SOUND.

The scenery of Puget sound, that great inland arm of the sea in the extreme northwest corner of the United States, is becoming more famous for its beauty yearly, as the number of tourists through that region increases. Placid waters, verdant vales, timbered mountains and snow-crowned peaks combine to make landscapes of marvelous beauty. That body of water is also of special interest to our people because of the selection of a site there for a huge navy yard for the better defence of our country on the Pacific coast. One of the grandest views in that region is that of Mount Baker, as seen across the still waters of Admiralty inlet, as the main arm of the sound is called. This is the subject of a beautiful tinted engraving, 17x23 inches in size, issued as a supplement to the April number of *The West Shore Magazine* The number also contains many engravings of Port Townsend and Olympia, two growing cities on the sound including the new hotel in process of erection in the latter place. Full descriptions of the resources and progress of these cities, and much valuable information about the entire northwest, as well as entertaining fiction and verse, complete a most instructive and entertaining number Any one seeking information about Oregon Washington, Idaho, Montana or British Columbia will find *The West Shore Magazine* the best source from which to obtain it. Send 25 cents for a copy (subscription, $2 50) to L. Samuel, publisher, Portland, Oregon.

BUILDING A HOUSE IN SAMOA.

From a profusely illustrated series in the May Century we quote the following "The negotiations between the skilled and wily carpenter and the prospective Samoan house owner would amuse, but hardly meet the approval of, the business man of to-day Under the propitiating influences of kava, the necessary presents are produced to induce the carpenter to undertake the construction of a house. It is begun at once, without any terms of agreement, and the work advances until the carpenter thinks more presents necessary, and he ceases work. Additional gifts being made, the carpenter continues the construction until he deems it necessary to demand another contribution, when he again stops work. If the contribution is not forthcoming, labor is suspended on the uncompleted house, never to be undertaken for completion by another of the craft, and forever afterwards it remains unfinished and a public reproach to the good name of, the unfortunate owner, who at the time of its beginning not knowing what may be the idea of the carpenter as to the cost of its construction, must either call upon the community for aid which is generally freely extended or suffer the humiliation of this unfinished monument

Japanese Buckwheat.

The subscriber has a quantity of this valuable seed for sale at $1 50 per bushel. It is acknowledged to be the best buckwheat seed grown Call on or address,

J C. GALLUP,
Smethport, Pa.

Court Proclamation.

THE HON A G OLMSTED President Judge, of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphan's and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday March 22, 1889, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1889, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county that they be then and there in their proper persons at 1 o'clock p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances to do those things which their offices appertain to be done And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport May 7th, 1889 and in the 113th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Alias Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Pluries Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa. and to me directed, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, MAY 27, 1889, AT 1 P. M.,

the following several pieces of property

1.

Defendant's interest in the following described real estate, to-wit A lot of land in Ceres twp, McKean county Penna, bounded and described as follows viz. Beginning at a post [illegible] the north line of [illegible] south 32.6 perches to a post in the north [illegible] lot No. 115, thence west 16.3 perches to the north west corner of same thence south 13.4 perches to a sugar corner thence west 20.4 perches to the place corner, thence north 71.9 perches to the place of beginning Containing 50 acres more or less, being lot No. 115 of Keating & Co allotment of land in said township and part of warrants 2335 and 2437 Improved. About 35 acres cleared, the balance standing, and having thereon erected one one and a half story frame dwelling house, with wing attached, one small board barn and usual out buildings, also, spring of water and good young orchard thereon

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Edward Hammond at the suit of William Evans.

Apple & Loomis, Pl'ff's Attys.

4.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, and being warrant five thousand five hundred and seventy-one (5571) saving and excepting therefrom two hundred and five acres (205) in the north east corner of said warrant known as the "A. D. Lennett" lot, also saving and excepting the [illegible] two hundred (200) acres in the north west corner of said warrant known as the lot belonging to the "Lieridge" estate. The remainder of said warrant being the land herein conveyed and containing seven hundred and twenty-seven (727) acres, more or less. Reserving nevertheless to the parties thereto of the first part, their heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, all petroleum, rock, mineral or carbon oil and gas that may be contained on or within the lands above described together with the right at any and all times to enter upon said lands and erect, set up and construct and operate all the necessary machinery and appliances for boring, digging and excavating for and removing said oil and gas with derrick, tanks, pumps, pipe lines and other apparatus, to erect and set up tanks and to construct pipe lines for storing and transporting the same from said premises and to use of the merchantable timber, whatever may be necessary doing as little damage to crops and timber as may be, with reasonable use of the premises and timber for the above purposes and free ingress, egress and regress for the above purpose. Improved and having thereon one steam saw mill, ten board houses, one board store building, one board barn, slides, etc.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of E. N. Hallock, who is joint mortgager with C. Foley mort. now assumed by E. B. Hallock, at the suit of H. S. Southard.

George A. Berry, Pl'ff's Atty

5.

The defendant's interest in all that lot in Ceres township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded as follows On the north by the Stump lot and R. N. Van Wormer, east by Hamlins and Forrest lands, south by lands of Hamlins and Forrest and Sarah A. Nichols, and west by lands of Healy and Sons and W. K. King. Being lot No. 511 Ceres township, and part of warrants Nos. 2336 and 2461. Containing 101 13 acres. Unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Orson F. Maxson at the suit of the Byron D Hamlin, Henry Hamlin and John Forrest.

John Forrest, Pl'ff's Atty.

6.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Ceres township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit. A lot bounded on the west by Sarah A. Nichols' lot No. 443 and Wm. Kearne's, No. 421, on the north by said lot No. 443 and lands of Hamlins & Forrest and on the east and south by lands of same. Containing 25 acres. Being lot No. 260 of Keating allotment, in warrant No. 3442. Unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles Bell at the suit of Byron D. Hamlin, Henry Hamlin and John Forrest.

John Forrest, Pl'ff's Atty

7.

Defendant's interest in all that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Ceres township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit. Beginning at the south east corner of the Stump lot, east 30 rods, south 38 degrees east 135 6-10 rods to lot No. 113 west 141 rods to Hammond lot No. 113, north 23 6-10 rods to the northeast corner of same, west 21 6-10 rods to the southeast corner of No. 117, north 20 rods to the northeast corner of the same, east 13 rods to southeast corner of No. 136, north 86 9-10 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 80 6-10 acres, and being No. 131 of the Keating & Co. allotment, in warrants Nos. 2336, 2461, 3441 and 3442. Unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles Bell, at the suit of Byron D. Hamlin, Henry Hamlin and John Forrest.

John Forrest, Pl'ff's Atty

8.

Defendant's interest in all of warrant No. 3601, situate in Norwich township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, containing 990 acres and allowance, be the same more or less, excepting 100 acres in the south easterly portion thereof conveyed by Robert Halsey to E. H. Hastings by deed dated Oct. 1, 1873, and recorded in McKean county deed book "[illegible]", page 90, &c. Improved, and having thereon 9 board dwelling houses, 2 log dwelling houses, 3 log barns, 2 board barns, 1 board office building, 1 frame saw mill building, 1 board blacksmith building and 1 portable saw mill building and mill.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of John C. Brown at the suit of James S. Gleeson, assignee, and Robert [illegible] for the use of Robert Halsey.

Hamlin & Forrest, Pl'ff's Att'ys.

9.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or lot of land situate, lying and being in Bradford township, McKean county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post and stones at the forks of the Corydon and Emery roads; thence north 30 degrees 30 minutes, east twenty-seven (27) rods to a post and stones; thence west thirty-six (36) rods to a post; thence south 30 degrees eight (8) rods to a post; thence north 29 degrees east forty-one (41) rods to the place of beginning Containing ten (10) acres and one-quarter (¼) more or less, being northeast part of lot 225 and part of warrant No. 3616, and same land formerly conveyed by J. K. Pomeroy and wife to Henry Thurstone by deed dated July 29, 1878 and by Thurstone conveyed to C. D. H. Crooker said Thurstone by conveyance dated July 1, 1880, recorded in Recorder's office of said county in deed book "U," page 367 &c. Excepting and reserving from the above however a certain piece of land deeded by M C. Wilson to William F. Keefer said piece being same deeded by Wm. F. Keefer to —— Keefer, his wife, by deed recorded in Recorder's office of McKean County in deed book "Z" page 510, &c. Improved and having thereon one one and one-half story board dwelling house and one large board hen house about 16x40 feet.

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of M. C. Wilson at the suit of H. Tuttill, use of J. W Fritts.

Wolf & George, Pl'ff's Atty.

10.

All the interest of the defendants and all the interest of which Harriet Knight died seized, in and to that certain tract of land situate in Otto township, McKean county and State of Pennsylvania, in warrant No. 3233, and being that part of the land conveyed to Harriet Knight by Wm. J. Ireland and wife by deed dated October 24, 1870, and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county, in deed book No. "4" page 259. Beginning at the northwest corner of land formerly belonging to Peter Burger thence running south 1 degree, west by east line of said Knight farm 60 rods more or less to the northeast corner of a lot deeded to Mrs. Sarah Stevens by Harriet Knight by deed dated Dec. 6 1880, and recorded in aforesaid Recorder's office in deed book No. "6", page 257, thence westerly by south line of lot leased to United pipe lines by Harriet Knight by deed dated March 10, 1880 and recorded in aforesaid office in deed book No. "6", page 221, thirty-five (35) rods to the northwest corner of the said Stevens lot; thence southerly 45 6-10 rods to a point 25 rods west of the east line of said Knight farm, being the southwest corner of said Stevens lot, thence easterly and parallel with south line of said Knight farm 85 rods to the southeast corner of said Stevens lot, in the east line of said Knight farm; thence south 1 degree, west by east line of Knight farm 73 rods, more or less, to the southeast corner thereof, thence north 87½ degrees, west by south line of Knight farm 80 rods to the southeast corner of lot deeded to J. F. Patton by Harriet Knight by deed dated Aug. 24, 1881 and recorded in aforesaid office in deed book No. "10", page 228, thence north 2 degrees west by the east line of Patton's lot 63 9-10 rods to the center of the public road; thence by center of the public road south 68 degrees 30 minutes, west to a point 23 rods east of the west line of the Knight farm, being the southeast corner of lot deeded to J. M. Lockwood by Harriet Knight by deed dated May 24, 1880, and recorded in deed book No. "11", page 489, thence northerly 53 rods to a point 23 rods east of the west line of Knight farm, being the northeast corner of the Lockwood lot, thence west 23 rods to the northwest corner of the Lockwood lot in the west line of Knight farm, thence northerly by west line of Knight farm 75 rods, more or less, to the northwest corner thereof, thence south 87½ degrees, east 75 rods to the place of beginning, containing 53 acres, more or less. Improved and having thereon one one-story board dwelling house, 1 oil well, 2 living springs, about 14 apple trees, and about 15 acres improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Frank Knight, H A Scoville, adm ad litem of Harriet Knight, dec'd, Ellinore Lockwood and J. M. Lockwood, her husband Louisa Bertron and Oscar Bertron her husband heirs of Harriet Knight, dec'd, and Daniel Stephens and Sarah, his wife terre tenants, at the suit of W. L. Christman.

C. R. Mayo Pl'ff's Atty

W B CLARKE, Sheriff

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 7 1889

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Buffalo Coal Company, for the election of directors to serve for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the office of the company Clermont, Pa., on Thursday, May 16th, 1889, at twelve o'clock m.

J. R. TRIMBLE, Secretary

2t.

Dissolution Notice.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP LATELY EXISTING between Heglin & Jackson, at Mt. Jewett, Pa. has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm will be paid to the subscriber, who hereby gives notice that in order to save costs they must be settled soon

CHAS. O JACKSON,

Mt. Jewett, April 30, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A D No. 12, October Term, 1888

McKEAN COUNTY, ss —THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting

Whereas, Hugh Potts did, on the twenty-eighth day of May, 1888, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County praying for the causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Alice Potts.

We therefore command you the said Alice Potts, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the 4th Monday of May next, to answer the petition or libel of said Hugh Potts and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Hugh Potts, your husband, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

W. B CLARKE, Sheriff.

A true copy
Ernest Koester, Libellant's Att'y
April 20, 1889

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 146, February Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania, to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Emma E. Marther by her next friend Peter Smith, did, on the thirteenth day of December, 1887, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Edward Marther.

We therefore command you, the said Edward Marther, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 4th Monday of May next, to answer the petition or libel of said Emma E. Marther and show cause, if any you have, why the said Emma E. Marther, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

A true copy
C. B. McCalmont, Libellant's Attorney.
April 20, 1889

Notice in Divorce.

A D No 145, February Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting

Whereas, Mary Starkweather by her next friend E. D Northrup did, on the 17th day of Jan, 1889 prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Lafayette Starkweather

We therefore command you, the said Lafayette Starkweather, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the 4th Monday of May next to answer the petition or libel of said Mary Starkweather and to show cause if any you have why the said Mary Starkweather your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided Herein fail not.

W B CLARKE, Sheriff.

A true copy
Lee, Hastings & Criswell, Attorneys for Libellant.
April 20, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 120, December Term, 1888.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Rachel H. Troup by her next friend, O. F Spencer did, on the twenty-third day of October 1888, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Robert Troup.

We therefore command you, the said Robert Troup, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 4th Monday of May next, to answer the petition or libel of said Rachel H. Troup and to show cause if any you have, why the said Rachel H. Troup, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

W B CLARKE, Sheriff.

A true copy.
W. J. Milliken, Libellant's Attorney.
April 20, 1889

Notice in Divorce.

A. D No. 161, December Term, 1888.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting

Whereas, Eveline L. Kinney, by her next friend Geo. F. Anderson, did, on the twenty-ninth day of October 1888, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Edward S. Kinney.

We therefore command you, the said Edward S. Kinney, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 4th Monday of May next, to answer the petition or libel of said Eveline L. Kinney and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Eveline L. Kinney your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

A true copy.
H. Sullivan, Libellant's Attorney.
April 20, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 112, December Term, 1888.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Joseph S. Seaward did, on the twenty-third day of October, 1888, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Elizabeth L. Seaward.

We therefore command you, the said Elizabeth L. Seaward, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 4th Monday of May next, to answer the petition or libel of said Joseph S. Seaward and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Joseph S. Seaward, your husband, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

A true copy.
W. J. Milliken, Libellant's Attorney.
April 20, 1889.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF EXecutors, Administrators and Guardians having been settled in the office of the Register the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans Court to be held at Smethport in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania on the fourth Monday of May, A. D. 1889:

Second and partial account of W. H. Spiller and W. H. Allen, Executors of the last will and testament of C. L. Allen, deceased.

First and final account of A. W. Buchanan, Administrator of the estate of Geo. Reynolds, deceased.

First and final account of Eliza J. Lincoln, Administrator of the Estate of Collins Lincoln, deceased.

First and final account of Joseph W. Benton, Administrator of the estate of David N. Hall, deceased.

First and partial account of L. B. Prosser, Administrator of the estate of W. M. Corwin, deceased.

First and partial and last and final accounts of W. D. McBride, Administrator of the estate of Alva Bradley, deceased.

First and final accounts of J. K. Purse, Guardian of Walter Davis, Clark Davis, Rosie Davis and Florence Davis, minor children of H. W. Davis, deceased.

Last and final accounts of W. D. McBride, Guardian of Edward H. Childs, Mary E. Childs and Effie E. Childs, minor children of O. A. Childs, deceased.

J. M. McELROY, Register
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.

Smethport, Pa., April 29, 1889.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans' and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday, March 1st, 1889, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 13th day of May, 1889, for the consideration of licenses.

Dated at Smethport, April 26, 1889, and in the 113th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff

Assignees Notice.

In the matter of the assignment of J. W. Humphrey and A. A. Aspinwall, copartners as J. W. Humphrey & Co. J. W. Humphrey and A. A. Aspinwall, for the benefit of creditors. — In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa. No. 257, May Term, 1883.

To all Parties concerned:

You will please take notice that on April 23rd, 1889, application was made to the Court, by some of the creditors of the above named assignors for the appointment of an Assignee in the place and stead of J. M. Fuller, late Assignee, now deceased, and that a rule to show cause why the prayer of the petition should not be granted was entered returnable to a session of said Court to be holden at Smethport, Pa., on Monday, May 27th, 1889 at 2 o'clock, P. M. when and where you may attend, and be heard, if you see proper.

Lee, Hastings & Criswell.
Attys for Petitioners.

3t

Paris -:- Exposition

will open in Paris, France, May 5th, and close October 31st 1889.

We are now selling tickets by all the fast German and French lines of steamers sailing from New York, Boston or Baltimore, and can book passages direct to Paris or any other place in France, Germany Switzerland, Italy, Austria, Holland and Belgium.

We are also agents for the following English lines of Ocean Steamers. Inman, Cunard, White Star, Anchor and State lines, from New York to Queenstown, Glasgow and Liverpool Through tickets sold in connection with Ocean steamer tickets to any railroad station in the world at lowest rates.

"The American Line" is the only trans-Atlantic line sailing under the American flag weekly from Philadelphia to Queenstown and Liverpool Passengers forwarded to Hungary, Russia, Siberia, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland and all other countries or parts of the globe.

We have lower rates than in New York, and can give special facilities for the Paris exposition We will engage rooms at any prominent hotel in Europe for our passengers, if desired, and have carriages waiting for them at railway station or dock in Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Bremen, Lith or Gothenburg Berths must be engaged ten days before sailing date.

Any one wishing to send to any part of Europe for their friends, write to us, we can sell you tickets to bring them to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston or Quebec, and from there we can ticket them to any part of the United States where there is a railway station.

We are the only agency of this kind in Western Pennsylvania. All enquiries answered free Address

JNO O SONNBERGH, Clermont, Pa.
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KITTREDGE OPERA HOUSE
BARBER -:- SHOP.

The subscriber has recently provided his shop with an elegant Barbers' Chair and other furniture, and with the assistance of a helper, is now prepared to give his customers first-class accommodations. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited,

G. J. SMITH.

Smethport, Pa., April 30, 1889

A GOOD LIVING For Every Man WILLING TO WORK
GOOD PAY!

Write to W & T. SMITH, Nurseryman Geneva, N. Y., for terms. Unequaled facilities Many valuable specialties. One of the largest and best known Nurseries in the country Established 1846. Geneva Nursery.

April 5, '89 6t.

Shorthand by Mail in 6 months — Williamsport, Pa. Commercial College.

SALESMEN WANTED

Permanent Situations guaranteed Salary and Expenses Paid. Special inducements to beginners. Any man can succeed with our advantages and quick selling specialties. Outfit free. Write at once giving age. Hooker Nurseries, (established 35) ROCHESTER, N. Y. (Name this paper)

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Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, and a

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Feb. 1-89.

TO THE PUBLIC!

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I now offer an extra quality of

Lime, -:- Calcined -:- Plaster

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for the lowest prices ever offered in this town. To those who wish to use any

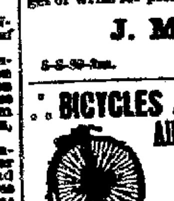
CEMENT OR WATER LIME,

for walls or cellar bottoms, I wish to say that I have a large quantity of these for corresponding prices. These goods are stored in most central location for the entire neighborhood, and as I buy in large quantities, have no expense for storage or transportation from railroad, I cannot, much less will not, be undersold. Special prices offered to jobbers. Mechanics or any one wishing a large quantity, come and get or write for prices before buying elsewhere.

J. M. TRACY,

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All Styles, Prices, Grades and Terms.

FIRST-CLASS

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at prices that will surprise you. Air Rifles [illegible] The neatest Writing Desks, [illegible] Rubber Goods (Anchor brand) Wholesale and retail. Everything in Rubber Stamp line. Printing Presses, Seal Presses, etc.

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1-89-1y 43 and 45 Mechanic St., Bradford, Pa.

COME AND SEE OUR
GRAND DISPLAY OF
Spring AND Summer Goods

We have one of the most complete and desirable assortment of goods ever brought to this part of the country.

A line of fine

NOVELTIES,

in Stripes and checks, Ten Yards only in a pattern, which means only one dress of that kind, at 65 cents a yard.

HENRIETTAS

in all the leading shades, the finest make, 46 inches wide, 97½ cents. Black Henriettas in silk and wool warp at 50c., 65c., 75c., 90c. to $1.25 a yard. Our black goods are selected with great care, both for color and beauty of dye, and can guarantee you the very best value.

NEW SUMMER FLANNELS

in all shades, which still are very popular, both for wearing and for their moderate price. Very large plaids are to be worn, both as dresses alone and made up with plain material to match. Surah silk to match all shades of our dress goods, which for their wearing and draping qualities are in the lead of all others. Plushes in every shade, 18 and 24 inches wide, never so cheap as now. Plain black and Moire silks $1 00 to $2.00 a yard.

OUR SATEEN

display is simply immense, so are the patterns. Best American and French makes. The coloring and patterns are very handsome and in great demand as summer dresses Be sure and see them or send for samples. 12½ to 30 cents a yard.

Pongee Cloth, Challies, Endurance cloths, Linen Chambreys, Percales, Seersuckers, French and American Ginghams, which are things of beauty and make very handsome and desirable dresses at very low price Our White goods stock embraces all staple and new things known in the White Goods market from 5 cents to $1.75 in the White Swiss Flouncing The Satin and Corded Stripes are probably the very prettiest things, although we have checks in great variety. Linon de India 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. India Mull, Victoria Lawns, Dotted Mulls The white apron goods are a form of lace and fine embroidery work. You should at least have one for high teas you know.

BLOUSES

Seem to be attracting great attention now, in which we are showing a nice line in Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's, $1.00 and $1.50 in boys', $1.50 in children's and from $2.50 to $4.00 in ladies."

LADIES' JACKETS AND BABIES' CLOAKS.

We have now a full line of ladies' jackets in sizes from 32 to 42, in black and colors, from $3.50 to $10.00. Our stock of baby cloaks is very large, both in long and short lengths, in all kinds of materials. If you want to protect the baby from the cold spring winds, come and choose one, the price is moderate. In connection with this department goes Baby Bonnets. We have them in every shade and shape in combination of Plush and Surah. Also lace ones for later on.

STRAW HATS.

Mammoth stock Ladies' sun hats, misses' and childrens' sailor hats in coarse and fine braids, beautiful Milan straws, coarse braids, all sizes and shapes.

PARASOLS.

Their colors are legion, and cheap—well I guess so. You never yet had an opportunity of buying them so low. The handles are extra length and are very beautiful, in carved and natural woods and metals handles of all sizes and shapes. Silk umbrellas are now where a person can look at them For a great many years no one but a hotel clerk or a millionaire could afford to buy one, but now $1.50 buys a good one. Come and see them.

Our Kid Glove stock is complete. All sizes and shapes 75c, $1 and $1.25 per pair.

HOSIERY.

Black are still in high favor, although we are showing new goods in pin stripes and Balbrigans. 25 cents seems to be the popular price and we have got the best possible goods we could to sell at that price, but have if you desire Lisle thread and silk hose in black and colors from 50 cents to $1.00.

SHOES.

We make a leader of shoes and our sales are constantly on the increase and it is our constant wonder where the people come from who buy such a quantity of shoe leather. We have had a wonderful sale on our $3.50 shoe, now for three years, and can get you hundreds of ladies who will testify to their wearing qualities and handsome fit. Sizes from 1 to 6, widths A, B, C, D and E. Try them and you will have no other Our Common Sense, hand made, French kid, at $4.00, means elegance and comfort combined. We cannot enumerate all the kinds, but we say we have a complete assortment of Men's, Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes and make it our aim to get the best goods in the market.

We send samples of dry goods all over this section and would be pleased to send samples or prices of any goods.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge

A word to those about to start a camp. Send to us for prices and write us to come and see you. We can save you money as we are the largest dealers in general merchandise in this part of the country and can furnish you your complete outfit.

We have for sale a team, wagon and heavy harness. Price $40 Sorrel and bay, weight 2,600 pounds, 10 years old.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.

EAST SMETHPORT.

April 26, 1889.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The label on your paper shows the date to which it is paid.
If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new one.
If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, otherwise you will continue liable if the paper is sent to you whether you take it from the office or not.
If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We send every man's paper every week, and the trouble is with the mails when not received.

Smethport, Pa., May 10, 1889.

H. J. ROBBINS, - - Local Editor.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

Don't Read This

For if you do you will discover that Maj. G. W. Merrick the well known and able orator will discuss the Prohibition Amendment in the court house on Monday evening May 13th, commencing at 7.45. Come and hear one who knows whereof he speaks. By order of the Committee,

W. J. COLEGROVE,
Local Chairman.

Moonlight nights.

Beautiful weather.

Plenty of work in Smethport.

Milk-shakes are now whizzing.

"Rather warm?" "Yes, indeed!"

Don't forget the circus on the 20th.

Tenement houses are scarce in Smethport.

The ever existing fly is apparently here.

Garden making has commenced in earnest.

Straw hats are budding forth as spring matures.

The boys have already commenced their swimming.

Judge Hamlin is building an addition to his green house.

The *Star* says that Barnum is working towards Bradford.

The thermometer registered 90 in the shade last Wednesday.

The brick work is started on the new Reilly building, Main street.

Memorial day will be observed this year as never before in Smethport.

An exchange asks if winter's backbone is broken. We should judge that it was.

H. W. Rubin's clothing store on Main street is being handsomely decorated by painters.

We are informed that Independence day will be celebrated in great shape in Smethport.

The six divorce notices in another column show that McKean county isn't at all behind the times.

The Smethport Band discoursed some charming music on the court house lawn last Tuesday evening.

Francis Labadie's comedy company will appear at Kittredge opera house on the 24th and 25th inst.

Williams & Sons have recently put a handsome new pair of scales in their market on Main street.

"The dry smooth shaven lawns" of Smethport, are very much admired by natives of other towns.

—The McKean County E. A. U. held an interesting meeting in Duke Centre on Wednesday of this week.

Giffords upper mill which was compelled to shut down last week owing to a broken pully, started up again Monday.

—E. S. McCarty moved his family last Monday, from Main street to his residence on Cemetery street, lately purchased.

—Conductor Tyler of the B. B. & K. has recently moved his family from Mechanicsburg to a residence on lower King street.

—Henry Slever, who was shot in the neck by young Gifford some time ago, resumed his work in Gifford's mill last week.

—And now the sequestered byways and highways are frequented by the sighing youth and the sly coquette. Oh ye silly moonlight hours!

—The town is billed for Walter L. Main's mammoth show, which exhibits in this place on the 20th inst. See advertisement elsewhere.

—D. C. Young, one of our extensive merchants, recently purchased the Wendell building, on lower Main street occupied by E. H. Taylor as a grocery store.

—Rose Curtis, a young girl about ten years of age, fell from the door of her home on Green street last Sunday, and broke her arm. Dr. McCoy attended the case.

—F. A. McCoy, of Bradford, a cousin of Dr. H. L. McCoy of this place, has taken charge of the drug store of Foster & McCoy, on Main street, Mr. Foster having retired.

—A new walk has been laid on the east side of Holmes street from Main to King, by the property owners. It will be of great convenience to the residents of that locality.

Rev. Mr. Walcott, of Covert, N. Y., occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church last Sunday morning and evening. The reverend gentleman delivered two very able and eloquent discourses.

Butterworth of the *Enterprise*, had better tend more strictly to his italics, and criticise less the action of contemporaries; especially those journals which furnish him with the most of his news.

—Proprietor Maguire's omnibus arrived from the Cortland manufactures last week, but the carry-all not being satisfactory, he sent it back and reordered. Jim is bound to have a bus that suits him.

—Henry Welch, the lower Main street merchant tailor, removed his family and business to Olean the forepart of the week. Mr. Welch will occasionally visit Smethport for the benefit of his old customers.

—Gifford's lower mill closed down this week to permit the putting in of new and improved machinery. In the meantime the men have been transferred to the upper mill, which will be run night and day.

—Maj. Merrick, who speaks in favor of the Prohibition Amendment in the Court House on Monday evening next, is one of the most gifted orators in northern Pennsylvania. It will be a treat to listen to him even if you do not agree with him.

—Belle Boyd has been engaged to appear at Kittredge opera house on the 11th inst. Her poor reception in Smethport a few weeks ago, was owing to the inclement weather, and she will no doubt have a good audience on her next appearance.

—We were in error last week in stating that H. N. Richmond, conductor of the Kane branch of the B. B. & K., had resigned his position. His trip west was for the purpose of attending the convention of railroad conductors at Denver, Colorado.

—Justice M. N. Allen, of East Smethport has his hands full of matrimonial business of late. On April 30th he united Nelson Vanslckle and Anabel Finley, both of Liberty township, and on May 4th he tied the hymeneal knot of Elmer Cram and Lemie Vanslckle of the same township.

—From the Wellsboro *Advocate* of last week we learn that John Q. Merrick, of Co. K, of the old 58th regiment, P. V., died in that borough on Thursday of the week before, aged 77 years. Mr. Clinton V. Merrick, of Bradford, Sup't of the Bradford division of the Erie R. R., was a son of his.

—Eugene J. Miller, a former Harrisburger, but for a number of years a resident of Elk and McKean counties, where he was engaged as a newspaper publisher, passed through here this morning on his way to Southern Pines, North Carolina, where he will manage a hotel.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

—We are pained to record the death of Geo. K. Hawkins, youngest son of Major A. C. Hawkins, of Bradford, who died at the home of his father on Chautauqua Place at 8:30 o'clock Monday morning last, in the 29th year of his age. Mr. Hawkins was a well-known young man of Bradford and a universal favorite in social circles. He was a victim of consumption from the effects of which he has suffered for a long time.

—A four-year-old Grand Rapids boy fell from the fence and broke his arm. His mother was very much affected as the thought of the pain the little fellow must suffer when the fracture was reduced. George noticed this. "Never mind, mamma," he said bravely, looking at his arm, "I guess it's only bent."—*Detroit Tribune.*

—Marvelous fishing stories are now conjured from the memories of some of the old timers. The angler of today would feel decidedly elated if he could drop his well baited hook (or bent pin) into the waters of Marvin creek in the immediate neighborhood of Smethport a little while before breakfast and catch a nice mess of trout for a morning feast, but such was the case in early days.

—The W. R. C. fair and dance ended its three nights of revelry last week with the grand result of $175 wherewith to decorate the soldiers graves and aid toward liquidating the monument indebtedness. Mrs. Vickery, Treas. of the W. R. C. turned over $100 of this fund to Col. Wright to assist in liquidating the monument indebtedness and $50 of it was given to the Post to assist in defraying Memorial Day expenses.

—Walter L. Main's great circus which visited Smethport two years ago, has been enlarged to a wonderful extent. It is spoken of everywhere as a grand show. The White Plains (N. Y.) *Journal* says: "Taken as a whole, the performance was one of the best ever given here, and was entirely new and original. Every one of the large audience was thoroughly satisfied, as indeed they ought to be." The performance will be given in Smethport on the 20th inst.

—A man named Jupiter is at present employed in the barber shop of Alfred Sturdivant on Main street, manipulating not the thunder-bolts forged by Vulcan, but a razor of modern make. Mr. Jupiter probably sees the celestial fitness of Smethport as a place of residence. Juno that it is a pretty summer retreat, and bids fair to catch the jaded society belle, and many who are long in city pent. The gentleman referred to has a notice in another column of this issue.

—The small boy who, for a penny, pours forth the music of his soul to the public, using for a channel the popular songs of the day, was not born to dissipate all his talents on the desert air of Smethport. His vocal ability should have its ample reward from the pockets of the Broadway passer by. One can, with a little help of fancy, imagine himself in the streets of New York when this strolling urchin-minstrel tarkles him for a nickle in payment for a song.

—A man named Peterson while turning his team around on the Rose Hill cemetery road last Friday, met with a fatal accident to one of his horses. Having driven them a little too far forward, they were forced over the abrupt embankment, and one fell upon a sharp pointed stub, literally disemboweling itself. The unfortunate animal survived but a few moments. It is strange more accidents have not happened of a fatal nature to human life, on the same abortion of, or apology for a road.

—That is a good story from West Virginia about an evangelist who went over the State painting upon rocks, "What Shall I Do To Be Saved?" A patent medicine advertiser followed him and under the question added this reply: "Use Blank's Cure for Consumption." When the text painter heard of the patent medicine man's pernicious activity he went over the ground again and painted below the advertisement: "And prepare to meet thy God!" The medicine man will find it hard to beat this.

—A building boom has indeed struck Smethport. W. P. Walsh has a Queen Anne cottage well advanced on the upper part of Water street, Mr. J. C. Hamlin has inclosed a fine residence on Main street, Mr. Will Gifford has the frame up for a fine house on King street, Dr. Wells has started the foundation for a dwelling on the corner of Water and Union streets, Mr. Reilly's new brick building on Main street is looming up rapidly. W. H. Knight has the foundation laid for a fine house on lower Main street and we hear of others soon to be started. In consequence of this carpenters are in great demand.

—A grand Fourth of July celebration has been mapped out for Smethport by the hose company. Invitations have been extended to ten different organizations of firemen throughout the country, and it is expected that all of the organizations will participate in the parade. There will be races of every description, greased poles, and fireworks, and the "sisters and cousins and aunts" will end the glorious day by "tripping the light fantastic toe," to the music of Jamison's orchestra, at Kittredge opera house. The dance will be under the auspices of the Smethport Band. Hurrah for Independence!

—The troublesome hairy little grub which is known as the buffalo moth and which is so injurious to carpets, may be destroyed by wetting the carpets with water and going over them with a hot iron. Benzine will kill them, but this fluid is explosive and inflammable, and is to be handled with care. To avoid this house-hold pest the carpets should not be close to the walls, but a space of a few inches should be left all around the the border, so that the edge can be turned up and swept frequently. The crevices in the floor should be filled with plaster or with putty, so that no hiding places are left for the insects.

—Much interest has been shown among our farming population as to the present status of the fence law. Early in the present session of the legislature, Senator Packer of this district introduced a bill repealing the old act of 1700 which required all farm fences to be at least five feet high, of sufficient rails or logs and close at the bottom. This repealing act introduced by Senator Packer has passed both houses of the legislature and been approved by the Governor. Therefore no fence is now required for the protection of crops. If a man's cattle trespasses upon the lands of another and destroys his crops the owner of the cattle is liable in an action of trespass for damages. As the law now stands all cattle and horses must be kept in enclosures.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

George Griffith, of Kane, called on us last Tuesday.

B. C. Gallup came over from Port Allegany Monday.

Thos. L. McKean, of Wilcox, is in town to-day.

H. J. Glenn, of Eldred, visited Smethport last Sunday.

Charley Byron came over the hill last Wednesday to see to the gas interest.

Hon. F. S. Johnson, of Bradford, was shaking hands with friends in this borough Wednesday.

Postmaster Hutton, of Newell, made us a very agreeable call last Monday, accompanied by a friend.

P. C. Foley, the well known marble dealer from Olean, was in town the forepart of the week on business.

Lawyers B. D. Hamlin, Sheridan Gorton and J. W. Bouton are attending supreme court in Philadelphia this week.

J. H. Burns, of the Washington house, and L. O. Chadwick, of the *Star* force, drove over from Bradford Tuesday.

F. P. Shaner, one of Port. Allegany's most esteemed young men, dropped into the MINER office a few minutes Tuesday.

F. O. Wright, of Kane, is in town. Frank turns up occasionally, notwithstanding the fact that Kane is such an attractive place.

Miss Gertie McClure, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. F. McClure, the past few days, returned Tuesday to her home in Coudersport.

S. E. Ulman, Rick Donovan and Harry Corson, of Kane, attended the W. R. C. dance last Friday night. Smethport girls were above par that evening.

Mrs. G. W. King and children, accompanied by her sister, Miss Kate Haner, departed Monday for a few week's visit among relatives and friends at Pine Grove.

Gorton's Minstrels.

There are no doubt but few amusement loving people who will not welcome Gorton's original New Orleans minstrels, who appear at Kittredge opera house on Friday evening, May 17th. This company has frequently been here and always gave such a pleasing performance that no doubt the opera house will be crowded on the above evening.

Reserved seats may be procured at Armstrong's drug store.

KANE TALK.

Poker rooms are subsiding.

H. H. Corson was in Smethport this week.

On the alert—Hawkshaw, the amateur detective.

Casper Smith, of Farmers' Valley, was in town Monday.

Dan Staples has returned from a visit to New Hampshire.

The new brick block of Scipio Young is progressing slowly.

Carpenters are scarce in Kane and the building boom on the increase.

The game of peek-a-boo is still being played at the well on the Victor Swanson farm.

We are pained to record the death of the five months old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Mill, who died on Saturday, 27th ult.

C. R. Stewart, Max. McCaon and Jas. Welch caught 167 fine trout on Monday, between Kane and Wilcox, and it wasn't a good day for trout, either.

The old M. E. church is being moved this week to make room for the new church, which will be built at once. Services will be held for some time in Griffith's opera house.

Gustof Peterson, an aged and respected man, was found dead in his house on the 24th ult., about three miles from Kane. He lived alone and is supposed to have died from heart trouble.

Drilling has been commenced on the James Campbell well, north of the borough limits. This venture will be watched with much interest, as it will define the northern end of the Kane oil field.

Jas. Maher, a former resident of Kane, died in the Warren insane asylum on Thursday of last week. His remains were brought to Kane and buried in the Catholic cemetery on Saturday. Mr. Maher, it will be recollected, was pronounced insane at Smethport over a year ago by Drs. Brown, Freeman and McCoy.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Hubbard, mother of our esteemed townsman, Wm. Hubbard, died on Sunday, 28th ult., aged 78 years. Mrs. Hubbard had been a resident of Kane for 24 years. The funeral services were held in the First Presbyterian church on Tuesday afternoon and was attended by a large number of people. Mr. Hubbard has the sympathy of our entire community in this, his sad bereavement.

On Saturday night High Constable Huff and a prominent citizen, raided the poker joint on the commons, west of Fraley street, and succeeded in arresting five gentlemen who were manipulating the ivory checks. They were all brought before Justice Jones, who fined them $5 each, with the understanding that they would sin no more. So Kane is improving and next week there will be a marked change. Unless all signs fail Kane borough will go dry. The wets and drys and a few more are hustling; the former are led by the senators, the latter and a few more, by Elisha K. Kane and the ladies are working with a will and many are hopeful, while a goodly number are trembling. My prayer is that both sides may win.

HONEST HUGH.

DON'T fail to look at the Forest City lawn mower before you purchase. They can't be beat. Sprague has them to sell.

JUST received at Browell Bros., a nice line of suitings and dress goods which were bought at a great reduction and we propose to give our patrons the benefit of the sacrifice. 15-41.

NORWICH NOTES.

Bark peeling has commenced.

Mrs. Frank Gallup is superintendent of the Norwich Sunday school.

Preparations are being made here for the observance of Memorial day.

Mrs. Wm. Altice is on the sick list, threatened with an attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. J. G. Hann is intending to visit her three sons in Washington, Pa., next week.

School commenced at Hamlin on Monday last, with Miss Mary Richards as teacher.

Mrs. A. Goodwin, of Emporium, was visiting old friends and neighbors here last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Alder, of Hamburg, Germany, landed in Colegrove on Monday of last week, after a stormy voyage of fifteen days on the ocean.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Heiner, of Kansas, after a stay in Colegrove much too short to please their many friends in that place, took their departure for Troy, Pa., on Monday of this week.

Rev. Hovey, of Annin creek, is holding a series of meetings at the Norwich school house, which are well attended and are awakening the religious interest of people there.

Dell and Clyde Havens, with their sister Mittie, are again keeping house at the "Lasher farm." The boys are engaged in peeling bark in the hemlock forest near that place. With the bark peeling and oil drilling business it is quite lively at Norwich.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a meeting in the school house at Norwich corners on Friday evening of this week, consisting of songs, speeches, etc., on the subject of temperance. The entertainment will be worth attending and is entirely free with no after-clap in the shape of a collection.

Mrs. Louise Marsh, who has been ill for several weeks at the residence of Wm. Specht, in Smethport, has so far recovered as to be brought to her home on Potato creek on Monday of this week. Her many friends and relatives are joyfully surprised at her recovery, as it was thought by many that she would never leave Smethport alive.

C. W. S.

CALL on Browell Bros. and inspect their new stock of spring and summer goods just received from New York.

SPRAGUE has beautiful screen doors ready to receive the hinges. Also the Ideal window screens which can be put in place by almost any person.

CLERMONT CHATTINGS.

Mrs. Peter Martin is recovering from her illness.

C. H. Moore is home from a week's visit in Buffalo.

Mrs. B. F. Steinhauer has just received a nice stock of dry goods.

There will be a wedding in town Saturday evening. Particulars next week.

J. W. Anderson is putting up a new fence around his picnic grove, and other-wise making improvements.

We have a new mail agent on this road. If he is a sample of the new administration we don't want any more of them.

A new and large depot will be built at once by the P. & E. and W. N. Y. & P. railroads in this place, where the old saloon used to stand.

The deputy sheriff of Elk county was registered at the Steinhauer house Monday, and H. Dwyer, superintendent, of Buffalo, at the Summit hotel.

If I am to judge by the many friends of Rev. J. G. Hann in this place and Colegrove, a strong petition will be sent to the conference to return him here another year.

Col. D. W. Wright and Mr. Davis, from Colegrove, attended the Odd Fellows meeting here last Saturday evening. The colonel is going to take a trip to W. T. this summer.

DOOLLY DOOLL.

WE have received a new line of boots, shoes and slippers direct from the manufacturers. You can save the jobber's profit by purchasing from Browell Bros.

STEEL shovel plows and cultivators of the very best manufactures, at Sprague's hardware store, corner Main and Fulton streets.

No Quackery in This.

Having secured the agency of the celebrated Emerville magnetic mineral water, I am now prepared to handle it in large or small quantities. It has been thoroughly demonstrated that it is a sure cure for all rheumatic pains and kidney diseases, besides being one of the greatest appetizers and bowel regulators known. It has also cured some of the worst cases of paralysis on record.

Orders left at the Grand Central Hotel, Smethport, will be promptly attended to.

F. N. TAYLOR.

Smethport, Dec. 3, 1888.

NEARLY every family not having a refrigerator loses enough provisions to pay for one every Summer. Sprague has them to sell and very low ones too.

BRADFORD BRIEFS.

Miss Vinnie Graham is suffering from a severe attack of pericarditis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Stone were visiting with friends in Kane this week.

George C. Howe formerly of this city, but now of Duluth was in town last Monday.

So far during the year our city has lost $20,300 by fire. The insurance was $29,-900.

A young son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gilson, of No. 32 Barbour street.

This city will soon be lighted by fifty gas torches which will be furnished by the Citizens' Gas Light and Heat company.

The White Shield Society held a meeting in the W. C. T. U. hall last Tuesday evening for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. North, Messrs. Harvey Rose, Edward McIntyre and Miss Laura Long attended the performances of "The Mikado," at Jamestown, N. Y., last week.

The following is a condensed report of the Bradford public schools for the month ending May 4th: Whole number in attendance, 1380; Number neither absent nor tardy, 742; Number of cases of tardiness, 116; Average attendance, 1271.

Fanny Davenport appears in great play "La Tosca," at the Wagner opera house next Friday evening, May 10th. Special trains will be run from Smethport, Eldred and Kane for the benefit of those who wish to witness the performance of this great actress.

Frank Prue, who was arrested for burglarizing the residence of Robert Hewlit, near the reservoir, was given a hearing before Alderman Wolcott last Tuesday afternoon, and was held for his appearance at court, bail being fixed at $200. As this was not furnished he was committed to jail.

Bradford has but few evils and the greatest of these is the Salvation Army. Their "barracks" is the Universalist church on Corydon street, and residents in that vicinity are constantly complaining of the disturbance raised by a gang of hoodlums which congregate outside the church every evening. This, of course, is on the outside, but how much better is it within? The "Army" is shouting, slugging, etc., and making night hideous. An admission fee is charged at the door. Every evening just before the meeting they parade the streets, carrying a flag, playing on tamborines, cornets, &c., and singing and shouting at the tops of their voices. Last Sunday officer Rhone compelled them to move on. They were on Main street and had collected a large crowd by their racket. The officer did just right and we hope to see them driven from the city soon for they have become a nuisance.

C. S. B.

BROWNELL BROS. are constantly receiving a fresh supply of staple and fancy groceries from their New York houses and to their patrons they wish to say that these goods are fresh and unadulterated and can be bought from them at a very low profit. Call and they will satisfy you of the above facts.

JUST received a car load of fresh Marble-head lime. For sale by A. Reilly.-9.

Resolutions and Plan of Work.

Following are the resolutions and plan of work adopted at the W. C. T. U. convention held at Kendall, April 18th and 19th, 1889:

WHEREAS, God being the universal sovereign, Christ the supreme ruler and the holy bible the supreme law on which all law is based; therefore be it

Resolved, That we lift our hearts in praise and thankfulness for the assembling of a greater number than ever before at the opening of our tenth semi-annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of McKean county.

Resolved, That we again bow our heads with hearts overflowing with gratitude and praise to the Father for the improvement in health of our beloved president.

Resolved, That we sincerely mourn the loss of our sisters, Mrs. Allen, of Eldred, Mrs. Cory, of Corryville, Mrs. Ella Duffield, of Kendall, and extend our tenderest sympathies to the friends of each.

Resolved, That we reaffirm the resolutions adopted at former conventions in regard to lines of work and policy.

Resolved, That we individually and as an organization heartily and earnestly work for the passage of constitutional amendment.

Resolved, That we gratefully extend our thanks to the ladies of Kendall, for the ample hospitality we have received at their hands; also to the Misses Boyer and the choir for the able manner in which they entertained the convention, and to the trustees of the Presbyterian church.

Resolved, That we, the members of this convention, extend our thanks to the officers of the B. B. & K. railroad for reduced rates; also to Mrs. Gable and the Bradford Era for securing and printing free of charge the proceedings of this convention.

Following is the plan of work recommended:

1. That each union appoint a committee to visit public schools and see if scientific temperance instruction is given.
2. That shelves be put up in railroad depots for temperance literature and that each union appoint a committee to keep them supplied with the same.
3. That superintendents of Sunday school work appoint an assistant in each church.
4. That the "Deutscher Amerikaner" be circulated wherever there is a German population.
5. That each union take hold and push forward to the work of reconstructing until licensed saloons are abolished from the county. Whereas, saloon towns through the county are annoyed by peddling beer wagons, we therefore recommend that proper action be brought for the suppression of this nuisance.
6. That each union see the removal and traveling cards in the removal of members of the union.
7. That our county organizer endeavor to have the quarterly union signal for temperance work adopted in Sunday schools.
8. That earnest work be done from this time forth to try and have the sabbath observance law enforced.
9. That we redouble our efforts to prevent the sale of tobacco to boys under 16 years of age.
10. That during the month of June this year, the county organizer and county president, together visit each union in the county, each union bearing the expenses from one town to another. Y's to meet with the W's.
11. That each union make a special effort for the constitutional amendment in circulating literature, canvassing voters, using public mottoes, appearance at the polls offering refreshments and using all reasonable means favoring its adoption.
12. That each local union be requested to give one entertainment between the present time and the first of September, and after paying incidental expenses send the proceeds to our county treasurer, Mrs. J. D. Kane, to help forward our county work.

CALL in at Browell Bro's store and examine their fine line of white goods, challies, satines and pongees before purchasing elsewhere.

You can save 25 per cent by buying your clothing at Rosenfield's.

SARGENT NOTES.

Frank H. Howard has purchased him a farm. Look out girls.

Cold and bad for farming, still the farmers improve their time.

Emil Johnson, of Dunrochneads, has a large bark job here of 25,400 cords.

John Anderson and August Peterson, have a house up on their job at Jackson place.

A good many are complaining of bad colds, owing to the sudden change in the weather.

School has closed. Miss Canfield the teacher was called home by the illness of her mother.

All the teamsters are busy hauling lumber for the new settlement at Mount Joy. Already four houses are up.

Next in order is a tram road up the Five and Seven mile. At last the boom has struck little Sargent. May she boom and bloom.

At the mouth of the seven mile a mill and tannery are in construction. Clearing for a town is being done. Two boarding houses and one store are already built.

MAL.

CALL and see the Stoddard Creamery and Churn, and as good Mixed Paints as are made, at J. C. Hamlin's.

Gold and silverware, at Rosenfield's, Smethport, Pa.

The Quarterly Meeting.

Services at the M. E. church next Sabbath will be: Love feast at 9:30 a. m., Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the presiding elder, and at 7:30 p. m. by the presiding elder, Rev. T. J. Blasch, followed by the sacrament of the Lord's supper.

Sabbath school as usual at 11:45 a. m. Quarterly conference Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

Baby Carriages.

We make a specialty of childrens carriages and carry an immense stock. Every carriage is furnished with novelty springs and complete brakes, at prices ranging from $1900 $40 each. The finest carriages in the land. Nothing equals them. Send for our illustrated catalogue.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
41, 43 and 45 Main St.,
Bradford, Pa.

3-15-10t.

FARMERS' VALLEY FLASHES.

Beautiful summer weather.

Bark peels nicely in this vicinity.

Asa Tyler of Weston, N. Y., is visiting friends in this place.

Messrs. Jas. Donnelly and Wm. Burgess of this place have taken a bark job above Smethport.

A. R. Cory and Charley Taylor attended the centennial in New York. They report a big time.

The E. A. U. have several names on their list for initiation. It is one of the best insurance organizations in the country.

Mrs. Mesler, of Sturgeon Bay, Wis., accompanied by her two daughters, are visiting her son, Nelson L. Mesler of this place.

F. C. Olds, Sec'y of Keating Township Amendment Association, thinks there is no doubt about the result in the township being largely in favor of prohibition.

Mr. David Stoddard of Bangor, N. J., has been spending a few days with the family of his father, Mr. John Stoddard, on Cole Creek. He left for Pittsburgh on Monday.

Mr. J. C. Mesler of this place visited Buffalo and Rochester last week. While in the latter city he visited the extensive seed establishment of James Vick and procured some choice seed potatoes.

J. C. HAMLIN, has Planet Jr. Cultivators and Stevens all Steel Harrows for sale. The best made.

PERSONS wishing to improve their memories or strengthen their power of attention should send to Prof. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y., for his prospectus post free, as advertised in another column.

Ex-Commissioner Bunker Dead.

We have received a copy of the *Central Minnesotian*, published at Glenwood, Minn., of April 19th, containing the announcement of the death of Benjamin Bunker, who died at Villard, Minn., on the 5th day of April, aged 73 years. Mr. Bunker was one of the early settlers of Otto township, this county, having moved to that township from the state of Maine about the year 1852. He was elected as one of the commissioners of McKean county in 1875 for the term ending January 1st 1879. In 1884 he moved to Minnesota where he continued to reside up the time of his death. Benjamin Bunker was an honest, level-headed man. He was a member of the Congregationalist church at Prentiss Vale for many years, and was universally esteemed all through the county. He leaves a wife and eight sons and daughters, some of whom are still living in this county.

Contractors!

The Eldred Borough School Board will receive sealed proposals for the erection of a six room school building, plans and specifications of which may be seen after May 10th at the office of the president of the Board, the contract to be let to the lowest and best bidder, the Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Bids to be opened May 25th. The said Board also offers for sale to best bidder the old building.

FRED F. BROWN, Sec'y. A. H. MAYO, Pres.

Eldred, Pa., May 6th, '89

Agents Wanted.

Experienced canvassers can secure liberal salaries or commissions from the Keystone Publishing Co. Enterprising young men of good address and conversational powers, and bright, prepossessing young ladies, especially teachers, will be given excellent terms, and all necessary instructions. For information apply to Rev. W. H. Willahan, general agent, Smethport, Pa.

Communications recieved by mail will be promptly answered by W. H. Willahan.

Save from $50 to $100

On Decker Bros., Opera, Knabe and Fischer Bros. pianos. Burdette Standard, Harrington Bros., and Clough & Warren organs. Every instrument fully guaranteed in tone, durability and price to satisfy the most critical musician and customer. Address for terms, etc.,

C. J. SHELDON,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Sole agent for Harrington Bros., Bradford, Pa.

Peanuts, Etc.

Peanut John wishes to announce that he has opened a place on Main St., to furnish all character of soft drinks, such as lemonade, ginger ale, birch beer etc, to thirsty humanity. He carries a big line of confectionery nuts, and fruits.

Rare Bargains.

For a few weeks to come I will sell off my groceries, etc., AT COST. I mean business and it will pay you to call.

E. H. TAYLOR.

Smethport, May 8, 1889.

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail, advice free, send for circular. v25m3yl.

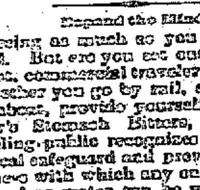
ITCH, Mange, and Scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Smethport. 39 6m.

100 Ladies Wanted,

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists'.

WE have received our stock of Birges' Wall Paper for our spring trade, and we wish to say that it is the finest stock of wall paper ever brought to Smethport, both as to quality and quantity. We guarantee our customers Buffalo prices, and in several of our choicest patterns even lower prices than can be had in Buffalo. Save express charges. Patronize home trade.

8tf FRANK R. FOSTER & Co.



You can do better by buying Bicycles and Tricycles, Safety Bicycles, for ladies or gentlemen, all of the highest grades, of F. C. Pierce, Smethport, Pa. Send for catalogue. 12t1.

Expand the Mind

By seeing as much as you can of the world. But ere you set out either as a tourist, commercial traveler or emigrant—whether you go by rail, steamship or steamboat, provide yourself with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which the traveling public recognizes as the finest medical safeguard and preventive of sickness with which any one journeying by land or water can be provided. It furnishes to the western pioneer adequate protection against malaria, rheumatism, and those disorders of the bowels which miasma tainted water beget. Its sedative effect upon a stomach perturbed by the rocking of a ship is truly magical, and it is a capital appetizer and nerve invigorator. Excellent is it for biliousness and kidney inaction, and it counteracts, in a remarkable degree, the effects of fatigue, physical or mental. After wetting and exposure in inclement weather, it should be used as preventative.

Little Women

Are as a rule, possessed of happy dispositions; but when these sweet dispositions become soured and irritable, in consequence of the long train of distressing features peculiar to female complaints they are then not companionable to say the least. It is the duty, not only of little women, but of all women so afflicted, to bring about the subjection, and immediate removal, of these painful maladies. This is easily accomplished by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the great specific for "female weakness." It is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, and kindred ailments. All druggists.

WANTED—A coat maker at the merchant tailoring establishment of H. W. RUBIN, Smethport, Pa. 15-tf.

WANTED—A girl to do general house-work at the residence of W. D. GALLUP, Green street, Smethport. 15-tf.

WANTED—A first-class pant-maker at once at H. W. RUBIN'S, Smethport. 15-tf.

WANTED—Two first-class carpenters (house builders) at once. None but good workmen need apply. Address J. BAKER & SONS, Smethport, Pa. 14-tf.

WANTED—An experienced gardener from the south wishes to announce that orders may be left for his services at A. Sturdivent's barber shop, Main street. BENJAMIN JUPITER. 16-tf.

Sand.

F. H. NOURSE wishes to announce that all persons desiring sand for plastering purposes can be supplied by him or by Joe Hoover, of East Smethport from his (Nourse's) sand bar, which is the best one in this locality. Rates reasonable. All arrangements must be made with Mr. Nourse.

Notice.

THREE THOUSAND CORDS OF BARK TO peel, in jobs of 100 to 1000 cords, or more. Inquire of H. W. Nelly, Nelly's Mill, Pa., on Narrow Gauge railroad, between Kinzua and Bradford. Post office address, Kinzua, Pa.

Public Sale of Lumber.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, O. F. Hutton & Co., will expose to public sale and outcry,

TUESDAY JUNE 4th, 1889,

2 o'clock p. m., at the premises of A. C. White, near our new saw mill, on Halsey's tract, in Norwich township, McKean county, Pa.

About 60,000 feet of hardwood lumber and 15,000 feet of hemlock lumber. Being the property of J. G. Brown & Co., and on which we have a manufacturers' lien to the amount of $537.94.

Sold by authority and in pursuance of the Act of Assembly of the 14th day of December, 1863.

O. F. HUTTON & CO.

Norwich, Pa., May 6, 1889.

Free, Painless Extraction of Teeth.

Wednesday of each week at

DR. PIERCE'S DENTAL PARLORS,

Smethport, Pa. Come one, come all, come every body. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5. p. m.

New Spring Stock

JUST RECEIVED AT

D. C. YOUNG'S.

Before going out of town to buy goods, call and examine the

RARE .·. BARGAINS

which I have just purchased in the Metropolis for cash. Every department is crowded full of them.

Never so many useful articles as to-day on the

Five and Ten Cent Counters.

Headquarters for all kinds of

House Furnishing Goods,

WALL PAPER,

CARPETS, RUGS, LACE CURTAINS AND DRAPERY, CURTAIN POLES.

WINDOW SHADES

made and put up at short notice, at lowest possible prices.

One hundred patterns of beautiful White Goods, for ladies' and children's dresses. Also fine assortment of popular

JAMESTOWN DRESS GOODS

Summer Shawls and Jackets in great variety.

Ladies' $2.00 Shoes and $3.00 Hand-turned Shoes a specialty. Agent for

GOKEY'S CELEBRATED SHOES.

Store opposite the Court House.

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, May 2, 1889.

Smethport ∴ Planing ∴ Mill.

Water Street, Foot of Franklin.

J. BAKER & SONS,

Manufacturers of

WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES

SIDING, CEILING.

Wainscotting, Flooring, Etc., Etc.

CUSTOM WORK

Done in a first-class manner and on short notice.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Builders will do well to call on us for their lumber, as we can furnish all kinds in short order at reasonable prices.

Contractors and Builders.

To this branch of our business we will devote special attention. None but skilled workmen are employed, and we guarantee satisfaction.

FURNITURE!

We will sell you Furniture Cheaper (quality considered) than Bradford, Olean or Buffalo.

WE PAY THE FREIGHT

to your nearest station. We also do undertaking and have the finest hearse in the county.

F. A. CARTER, - ELDRED, PA.

Enlarged to Twice its Former Size!

COMING SOON!

The Old Reliable, Always Good, New Bigger and Better Than Ever.

At Smethport, on Monday, May 20, 1889.

WALTER L. MAIN'S

New ∴ International ∴ Exposition!

PARAGON OF THE TENTED FIELD.

THE LARGEST SHOW ON EARTH FOR 25 CENTS ADMISSION.



THE PREDOMINATING FEATURES!

Of this MONSTER ESTABLISHMENT are

Thrilling Wild West, Universal Menagerie, Egyptian Caravan and Mystic Japanese Circus.
Young Lowande, Principal Bareback Rider.
Mlle. Inez Lowande, Grand Premiere Equestrienne.
Castor and Carrier, Artists of the High Trapeze.
200 Men and Horses.
40 First-Class performers.
10 Beautiful Lady Artists.
5 Funny Clowns.
Prof. Joseph Barries' Famous Dog Circus and Trained Animal Paradox.
A Stud of Equine Wonders, including "Dan Rice," the horse with a human brain.
Generals "Grant" and "Lee," the See-Saw Horses.
"Hazel," the Blondin Pony.
"Romeo," the Native Performing Elephant. (The Children's Pet.)
Mammoth Cages of Wild Animals, including the finest specimens of Lions in captivity.
Mons. Bigelow, the Modern Hercules.
Mad. Dubois, The Female Samson.
"Jumbo," the Giant Horse.
Wonderful Japanese Aerial Artists.
Long-distance Double Somersault Leapers.
Ground an Lofty Tumbling.
Extraordinary Wire Performances.
Incomprehensible Mid-air Balancing.
Mons. Leonard, who with his teeth alone lifts a living horse.
Roller Skaters, Bicycle Riders, &c.

Making it at once the Newest, Most Novel, Cheapest and Best Show on Earth.

No Gambling, No Swindling Devices. A First-class Establishment—conducted on business principles, with no objectionable surroundings.

General Admission Twenty-Five Cents.

A Golden Offer. In the afternoon, children under 10 years of age will be admitted for 10 cents, but at night the price will be 25 cents for all.

THE STREET PARADE, Led by Prof. Wm. M. Hoge's Military Band, will take place at 12 o'clock M., Daily.

FREE OUTSIDE EXHIBITION AT 12:45 DAILY.

Doors Open at 1 and 7. Performance commences one hour later.

∴ YOUR ∴ FEET ∴

NEED SOME ATTENTION.

NEW GOODS, NEW STYLES, IN

Fine Foot Wear!

FRENCH CALF, KANGAROO,
PATENT LEATHER,
Lace or Congress, Hand or Machine Sewed,

FOR GENTLEMEN,

— ALSO —

POPULAR SHADES in OOZE CALF and GOAT.

IN LADIES' WEAR,

GLAZE DONGOLA, FRENCH KID, CURACOA KID, HAND WELT, and HAND TURN.

TAN GOAT, OOZE CALF, OXFORD TIES in

Ladies', Misses', and Childrens'.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.

One Price. GROVES, 28 Main S

BRADFORD, PA.

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.



DEALER IN HORSES, Wagons, Carriages, Carts, Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

ALSO

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, SMETHPORT, PA.

"SPRINGS' DELIGHTS," ETC.

MORE NEW GOODS, of the latest and most fashionable, lovely, elegant patterns. BEADED WRAPS, JACKETS, JERSEYS, etc., and all at those remarkably close-trimmed prices which we have inaugurated and to which we are determined to adhere. You should come at once. But come when you will—only the sooner the better—and you will find us ready and willing. Our goods are giving first-class satisfaction.

RELIABILITY — THE PRINCIPLE REASON,

THE NEXT REASON, CHEAPNESS.

Everything in the store savors strongly of Spring.

DRESS GOODS.......MILLINERY,
GLOVES.......CHALLIS,
HOSIERY.......SATEENS,
TRIMMINGS.......GINGHAMS,
UNDERWEAR.......HANDKERCHIEFS,
EMBROIDERIES.......FANCY GOODS,
LACES.......RIBBONS,
SPRING DRESS GOODS.

We would call special attention to our new line of corsets, of the latest designs. They are truly grand.

Don't forget that our Fine Shoes are unsurpassed for material, style and price.

We cordially invite an inspection of our stock. That done we feel sure we can please.

Mrs. T. D. NASH,

SMETHPORT, PA., April 11, 1889.

FURNITURE

Established, 1836.



☞ For out-of-town trade we have an Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. We pay the freight.

HERSEE & CO.,

Mammoth :-: Retail :-: Manufacturers,

297 to 305 Ellicott Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

We Lead But Never Follow.

Your Homes—How to Furnish Them.

A 9 Room House Furnished Complete for $396.25.

Those who think that a thousand dollar outfit is essential to housekeeping will learn with surprise that we will supply every article of furniture needed in a nine-room house for $396.25—not only the articles of necessity, but many pieces usually regarded as luxuries. The $396.25 outfit is as follows: The price of each article of furniture and the cost per room is given [illegible].

PARLOR.

Parlor suite of six pieces, consisting of arm chair, patent rocker, divan, and two reception chairs, upholstered in the best imported plush, $60; parlor table, any wood, $5; easel, any wood, $3; hanging cabinet with bevel mirror, $5.50; pier glass, walnut or cherry frame, mirror 20x60, $28; rattan rocker, $5. Total $106.50.

DINING ROOM.

Eight-foot extension table, any wood, $10; six high-backed antique oak or cherry chairs, $6; sideboard, oak or cherry, beveled mirror, one drawer lined for silver, $25. Total $41.

LIVING ROOM AND LIBRARY.

Writing desk and book case combined, $18; Turkish lounge, $20; large upholstered easy chair, $15; library table, $8; antique oak rocker, plush cushion and back, $7; solid all-wool rocker, $3.50; reception chair, $2.50. Total $74.

KITCHEN.

Kitchen table with drawer, $1.50; two kitchen chairs, $1. Total, $2.50.

HALL.

Hat rack, oak or cherry with beveled mirror $13; hall chair, high back, solid oak, $3.75. Total, $16.75.

GUEST CHAMBER.

Chamber suite, walnut, cherry or oak, four pieces, bedstead, bureau, washstand and towel rack, with woven wire springs, hair mattress with cotton on both sides, and a pair of best live geese feather pillows, $38.00; upholstered plush rocker $3.75; table, any wood, $1; two cane seat chairs, $3. Total, $[illegible].

FAMILY CHAMBER.

Chamber suite, walnut, cherry or oak, four pieces, bedstead, bureau, washstand and towel rack, woven wire springs, hair mattress and pair of the best of live geese feather pillows, $[illegible]; easy rocker, any wood, $2.50; two chairs, $2.00. Total, $[illegible].

SERVANT'S ROOM.

Bedstead, all hard wood, spring bed, mattress and pillow, $9.75; bureau, $5; washstand, $3; rocker, $1; cane seat chair, $1; mirror, $1. Total, $20.75.

BATH ROOM.

Towel rack and mirror. Total, $3.

N. B.—We will sell any article in above list separately.

To Buy Furniture Right, Buy where it is Made.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets, Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods as cheap. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 13, 1884.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

STATIONERY,

FANCY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES.

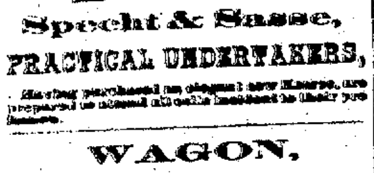
NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

SMETHPORT, PA.



Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

Spring Disorders



Shattered nerves, tired brain, impure blood, debilitated system, all are the natural outcome in the Spring. A medicine must be used, and nothing equals Paine's Celery Compound. We let others praise us—you cannot help believing a disinterested party.

Ex-Lieutenant General W. L. Greenleaf, Burlington, Vt., writes: "I have used Paine's Celery Compound on several occasions, and always with benefit. Last spring, being very much run down and debilitated, I commenced taking it. Two bottles made me feel like a new man. As a general tonic and spring medicine I do not know of its equal."

"I have used two bottles of your Paine's Celery Compound, and it has given entire satisfaction as an appetizer and blood purifier."
T. L. Ferris, Watertown, Dakota.

Paine's Celery Compound

is prescribed by physicians, recommended by druggists, endorsed by ministers, praised by users, and guaranteed by the manufacturers, as a spring medicine which will do all that is claimed for it. Use it this spring, and see how quickly it tones you up.

Purifies the Blood.

Full accounts of wonderful cures made by Paine's Celery Compound after other medicines and the best physicians had failed, sent free. There's nothing like it.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Color Anything any Color. Simple, Durable, Economical. IT IS EASY TO DYE WITH DIAMOND DYES. 10 Cents, 10 cents each.

LEONARD & BLAIR,

— WHOLESALE AND RETAIL —

CROCKERY, GLASS and STONEWARE HOUSE.

The finest, cheapest and best line of Chinaware, Glassware. Table Furnishing, Table Cutlery, Silverware and Bric-a-Brac in the city. Stock large, new, well-selected and cheap.

-:- GAS FITTINGS AND FIXTURES -:-

of all kinds a specialty. Of these we have as fine a variety as can be found in any city stock.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

No. 66 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET :o: COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

ADDING TO MY STOCK

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

—OF McKEAN COUNTY.—

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them. It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

HASKILL & BURDICK.

We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia, the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets,	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire,	2,890,867
Franklin	3,181,248
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch)	893,445
Sun, Fire, London	1,848,610
Hanover, New York	2,479,654

Do not obtain Insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

v17n28y1

THE CLOSING SCENES.

THE BANQUET LAST NIGHT AND TO-DAY'S CIVIC PARADE.

A "Feast of Reason and a Flow of Soul" at the Metropolitan Opera House—A Collection of Notables Seldom Equalled. Twelve Toasts Responded to by Eloquent Speakers.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The last part of the military parade passed the reviewing stand at 6:30 p. m. yesterday. The president at once retired from the platform which he had occupied about six hours.

Several women fainted or fell in fits during the parade, and the ambulances of the various hospitals were constantly in requisition.

Second Lieut. William A. McDonald of the First Ohio artillery was caught under his falling horse and crushed. His injuries are not thought to be serious, but disabled him for the day.

John Taylor of Bayport, N. J., fell from a Third avenue car and fractured his skull.

Several men and women were crushed and injured by a charge of the mounted police at Fifth avenue and Fifty-seventh street in a vain attempt to clear the avenue to Fifty-ninth street. It was finally decided not to carry out the order, and the paraders, when dismissed at Fifty-seventh street, passed down that street east and west and dispersed. The crowd at this point is said by the police to have been denser than at any other place.

Police Inspector Conlin, who was injured by being thrown from a falling horse during the parade, is at the New York hospital. He is painfully but not seriously hurt, and will be laid up several days. He is an old cavalry officer and an expert horseman, but the animal he rode yesterday was not sure footed enough for the occasion.

The Great Banquet.

The president was welcomed at the entrance of the Metropolitan opera house in as nearly as possible the same manner as on his arrival there Monday night and was at once escorted to his seat at the table of honor in the centre of a triangular group of twenty-eight tables, the whole number of guests being 800.

The banquet room presented a magnificent appearance, the superb floral and other decorations having been rearranged and freshened since the previous night with many new and beautiful features added.

Mayor Grant presided and at the president's table were also seated Vice President Morton, ex-President Cleveland, Governor Hill, Senator Evarts, Bishop Potter, Chief Justice Fuller, Secretary Proctor, Admiral Porter, Maj. Gen. Schofield, Judge Andrews, Gen. Sherman, J. R. Lowell, ex-President Hayes, Speaker Cole. S. S. Cox, C. M. Bowen and Elbridge T. Gerry.

After Bishop Potter, in response to Mayor Grant's invitation, had said grace the pleasant task of disposing of the bounteous feast began.

The banquet was the most remarkable one ever held in America or perhaps in the world in point of arrangement and execution of detail. The chief steward, seated at a central point, directed every movement of the army of subordinates by means of electricity. At a touch of his bell every roast was carved, every cork drawn, ever course served simultaneously, thus avoiding any confusion of courses or wines, and insuring the perfect accuracy of every movement on the part of the assistants.

The cost of the banquet is said to have been $35,000.

At 9 o'clock the appearance of Mrs. Harrison and party in the president's box, followed quickly by that of hundreds of ladies in the auditorium, gave the signal for the speaking to begin. The vast theatre was then crowded with a distinguished audience.

Mayor Grant announced the following toasts:

Governor David B. Hill.

"David B. Hill, Governor of the State of New York."

In the course of his speech Governor Hill said:

Fellow Countrymen: As the governor of the state within whose borders were heard the acclaims which greeted the first president's oath of allegiance to the constitution, I extend a welcome to all here assembled. Welcome to you, President Harrison, latest of the line of those distinguished men who have given the same guarantee of obedience to the charter of our liberties and faithfulness to the rights of the people. Welcome to the representatives of all the sister states whose presence here speaks anew the grandeur and greatness of our United States. Welcome to all in authority, legislative, executive or judicial, civil and military, who in their station with honor and justice are daily serving our common country. Welcome to all the ambassadors of other nations who participate with us in these festivities. Welcome, strong and brave men, sons of fathers who yielded life, sacrificed fortune, who endured severest privations that we might rejoice in liberty. Welcome fair and true women, daughters of mothers who gave patriotic encouragement in days of darkest distress; who willingly devoted themselves to suffering that the infant republic might be sustained. Welcome those from whatever clime who have become part of our people and who have contributed their share in maintaining the purposes and increasing the glory of our commonwealth. Welcome to all, citizens, strangers, friends. Our display upon the ample waters of this harbor, our parades in the broad streets of this city, our rejoicings in this banqueting hall commemorate not only the fame of a great prince among men, but the nativity of a heaven born republic among the nations of the earth.

These religious ceremonies, these arches of triumph, these banners unfurled, these treasures of art, these songs of praise, these pageants of industry, these scenes of rejoicing in which we of this generation have now a part, all celebrate the giving and the taking of that solemn pledge. My best greeting at this hour shall be a tribute to the character of him whose memory we honor. What visions of future greatness and prosperity for this broad land of ours open up before us as we contemplate the growth of our free institutions since they were founded by the patriots of a century ago. Generations yet unborn will share the glories and blessings of the beneficent and imperishable government transmitted to us and them by our revolutionary sires.

It is a prosperous, happy, indivisible union. Its contented people are reaping the advantages of laws made by themselves, well and honestly administered. The sentiments of every true American are expressed in the hope that faction may not destroy, that pride may not injure, that corruption may not undermine, and that sectionalism may not divide this fair republic, but that its borders may still further be extended, its commerce may float on every sea, the stars upon its flags may be trebled; its free institutions may live and flourish, and its liberty-loving people may continue to work out the problem of self-government so long as freedom itself exists and until time shall be no more. Keep, God, the fairest, noblest land that lies beneath the sun, our country, our whole country, and our country ever one.

A Toast to Washington.

"George Washington." Drunk in silence, the guests standing.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland.

"The People of the United States," Grover Cleveland.

Mr. Cleveland said:

The mention of a people may well suggest sober and impressive reflections. The subject was not beneath divine thought when the promise was given to the children of Israel, "I will take you to me for a people and I will be to you a God." This idea of divine relationship to a people is also recognized in the fervent utterance, "Yea, happy is that people whose God is the Lord. The influence of these reflections is upon me as I speak of those who, after darkness and doubt and struggle, burst forth in the bright light of independence and liberty and became "Our people"—free, determined and confident—challenging the wonder of the universe, proclaiming the dignity of man and invoking the aid and favor of Almighty God. One hundred years have passed. We have announced and approved to the world our mission and made our destiny secure. We point to the scattered graves of many thousands of our people who have bravely died in defense of our national safety and perpetuity, mutely bearing testimony to their love of country and to an invincible living host standing ready to enforce our national rights and protect our land. Our churches, our schools and universities and our benevolent institutions which beautify every town and hamlet and look out from every hillside testify to the value our people place upon religious teaching, upon advanced education and upon deeds of charity.

Let us then have an abiding faith in our people. Let petulance and discontent with popular action disappear, before the truth that in any and all circumstances the will of the people, however it may be exercised, is the law of our national existence.

and colleges of the country maintain from generation to generation. All the generations for a hundred years past have sounded the praise of the Virginia country gentleman and countless generations to come will swell the loud acclaim. What a reward is Washington's! What an influence is his, and will be! One mind and will transfused by sympathetic instruction into millions; one character a standard for millions; one life a pattern for all public men, teaching what greatness is and what the pathway to undying fame.

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29th. The friends of Secretary Blaine are becoming anxious about the state of his health. He has been slightly indisposed during the week and his family say it was caused by an attack of lumbago, but others say there are reasons for believing that it was something much more serious. It has long been known to the intimate friends of Mr. Blaine that he was threatened with the dangerous and much dreaded Brights disease, and I have been informed by a gentleman who is on terms of the closest intimacy with the Secretary that the disease has now so far developed as to leave no doubt of its existence. Mr. Blaine, so my informant says, is fully aware of his condition, and is being treated for the disease. But being what is known as a good liver, it is doubtful whether Mr. Blaine will adopt as rigid a course of diet as did General R. C. Schenck, under similar circumstances a few years ago, and consequently will not be so fortunate as was that gentleman in entirely recovering his health. Gen. Schenck, whose recovery was regarded as little short of a miracle, ate nothing but stale wheat-bread and skimmed milk for more than twelve months. Few men would be willing to adopt for so long a time such a diet. The majority would probably be like a prominent Washington correspondent who has been dead several years. He was a sufferer from Bright's disease, and had been through several courses of medical treatment without benefit, when he was urged by Gen. Schenck, who was an old personal friend, to adopt the milk and bread diet for a year. How long do you suppose I could hope to live if twelve months of this diet should restore my health? asked the suffering journalist. Twenty years at least, replied his sympathetic friend, Gen. Schenck. At the price is too great. I would not live it that manner one year to gain twenty years addition to my life said the corresdondent in a manner that left no doubt of his having finally decided the question. The latter, although well on the sunny side of fifty, is dead, and Gen. Schenck, who sometime ago passed the allotted three score and ten years, is in good health and daily attending to his law practice.

Senator Sherman was visited at his home in this city, last night, by the members of the Ohio Republican Association. It called by appointment to say good by to the Senator previous to his departure on a short European trip.

Republicans here very much regret the misunderstanding that has arisen between Senators Sherman and Quay. Of course no one who knows the two gentlemen would believe that either of them were capable of doing anything dishonorable. The cause of the trouble seems to have been about as follows: A short time ago Pennsylvania and Ohio both, had candidates for Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The fight was so warm that it is said the President intimated to both parties his intention of appointing a man from some other State unless they could reach an amicable agreement. This brought the parties to terms and Pennsylvania's candidate was withdrawn and the position given to the Ohio man. At the same time the Ohio people agreed to support the Pennsylvania candidate for Solicitor of the Internal Revenue Bureau. Just at this stage Senators Sherman and Quay both left town for a few days, and it was during their absence Attorney General Miller was the innocent cause of it. Wanting to do some thing for Ohio, and knowing nothing of any agreement between Senators Sherman and Quay, he asked Representative McKinley if ex-Congressman Alphonso Hart, of Ohio, would accept the appointment of Solicitor for the Internal Revenue Bureau. Mr. McKinley told him he would telegraph and ascertain. He did so, and Mr. Hart accepted and was telegraphed to come to Washington immediately. In the meantime Senator Quay returned to the city and discovered the state of affairs. He was naturally very angry and said many things not complimentary to Senator Sherman whom he blamed for the entire business when these remarks were published Mr. Sherman said: If the remarks attributed to Senator Quay had come from any one else I should have resented them. But Senator Quay is a big hearted generous man and when he comes to understand that there is nothing under-handed about Mr. Hart's appointment his resentment will pass away. It would be out of place for me to step in now and ask Mr. Hart to refuse the position. It is true Senator Quay went home; at that time, but before leaving here he met Senator Sherman and the matter was explained to him in a satisfactory manner.

O listen! if within your home
Some gentle one is fading;
Take warning, ere a summons come,
Your happiness invading.
For all the suffering she endures
Is needless did you know it:
The "Favorite Prescription" cures—
Unceasing praises show it.

Truly "a household blessing" is this marvelous specific—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—for the ills of woman. Who that sees a dear face growing each day more ethereal but will rejoice to learn that the wife or daughter may yet be saved, and the family circle preserved unbroken? Don't despair, but try it, even if the doctors say there is 'no cure.' It is the only medicine, sold by druggists, for women's peculiar weakness and ailments, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. Read guarantee on bottle-wrapper.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

Tickets to All Parts of the World.

If you are going to Arkansas, Minnesota, or any place in the West or Europe, it will pay you to write to John O. Sonbergh, General Steamship and Western Land Agent, Clermont, Pa., for prices, free circulars, maps, &c. It's strange, but still it's true, that tickets can be bought from him just as cheap as they can be purchased in any city. Lands and improved farms for sale in Minnesota, Dakota, Arkansas, California, Washington Territory, Iowa and Nebraska. Address JNO. O. SONBERGH,
1-26-tf Clermont, Pa.

Spring Medicine.

Send to G. T. Dennis, Eldred, Pa., or ask your Druggist for Dennis Vegetable Compound, which will make 8 pints of good Blood purifier, and will last one person two months for 50cts. Directions on the Package. Or if you want a good old fashioned root-beer I will send directions for making it. The use of such a drink or the medicine will keep the system in good condition and is a positive guarantee for health.

☞ English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Every bottle warranted. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport.

Which Was It? Bacon or Shakespeare.

The authorship of the dramatic productions tributed to the last of the above named is agitating literary circles to the very centre but affects the practical masses far less than the momentous question, how to regain or preserve health, that essential of bodily and mental activity, business." We can throw far more light on this latter subject than the most profound Shakespearian can on the question first propounded. If the system is depleted, the nerves shaky; if indigestion or constipation bothers one at times, or constantly; if the skin is yellow and tongue furred as in billiousness; if there are premonitory twinges of on[illegible] if there are premonitory twinges of coming rheumatism or neuralgia; if the kidneys are inactive — use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest recuperant of an age prolific in beneficial and successful remedies. Remember, if malaria threatens or afflicts, that it neutralizes the poison and fortifies the system.
dec7,'88 6m

Arkansas Lands.

The subscriber is agent for the sale of large tracts of excellent farm and timber lands in Arkansas. Will be glad to furnish circulars and all information in reference to these lands free of cost.
JNO. O. SONBERGH.
Clermont, Feb'y 27, 1889. tf.

Constitutional Amendment.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly is present, That the following amendment is proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the Eighteenth Article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as Article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Constitutional Amendment.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth, by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met* That the following is proposed as an amendment to the constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections;

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained, or lost, a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established."

A true copy of the joint resolution.
CHARLES W. STONE.
3-15-3m Secretary of the Commonwealth.

W. T. CALLAR,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST.

—DEALER IN—

Drugs : and : Medicines,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,

Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

MAIN STREET, - - SMETHPORT, PA

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MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of

Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay

on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or incapacity induced by excess of early indiscretion. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of early error may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

Sample of medicine free.

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14 Ann St., New York, N. Y. Post-office box 3450

Feb. 1, 89-1y.

CANNS KIDNEY CURE

For Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Brights Heart, Urinary or Liver diseases. Cure Guaranteed. Office, 831 Arch street, Philadelphia All druggists. Try it. $1 a bottle, six for $5.

v26n5y1

J. W. PIKE,

TONSORIAL ✱ ARTIST!

—o—

Special attention given to cutting Ladies' Bangs in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe in calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.

Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cures for sale.

Shop one door east of Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. v26n5s5

License Applications.

PETITIONS AND APPLICATIONS FOR Licenses for Hotels, Eating Houses, Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealers, with and without other goods and Bottlers, at the May Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for McKean county, Pa., to be held at Smethport borough, May 13th, 1889.

HOTEL LICENSES.

Mt. Alton—Lafayette Township.

Edward Mullett, Butts House. Residence same.

Bradford City—1st Ward.

F. Malqueen, United States Hotel, No. 99 South Mechanic street. Residence 1st ward, Bradford city.

Morris Herron, Black Bear Hotel, Nos. 8 and 10 Pine street. Residence same.

D. J. Wilder, Pierce House, Nos. 167 and 169 Main street. Residence same.

P. H. Gallagher and William Devine, Philadelphia House, No. 90 south side of Main street. Residence same.

Adam L. Wyman, Oil City House, Nos. 166 and 168 south side of Main street. Residence same.

James Sheehan, Sheehan Hotel, No. 99 Mechanic street. Residence same.

Wm. C. McBride, Option House, No. 39 north side of Main street. Residence same.

Patrick C. Hurley, Bay State House, No. 72 south side of Main street. Residence same.

Edwin L. Darkee, Industry Hotel, No. 17 Davis street. Residence same.

Louis Marck, Union House, No. 136 and 138 Main street. Residence same.

J. L. Andrews, Hotel Brunswick, No. 20 Main street. Residence same.

Henry Sautfield and George B. Griffis, Arlington, No. 51 north side of Main street. Residence same.

M. H. Fitzgibbons, Palace Hotel, No. 69 Main street. Residence Bradford city.

P. McNamara, Corry House, No. 10 Webster street. Residence same.

James H. Burns, Washington House, No. 3 Webster street. Residence same.

Thomas F. Connelly, Connelly's Hotel, No. 36 North Mechanic street. Residence same.

Patrick Bateman, Bateman House, No. 128 Main street. Residence same.

J. C. Fox, St. James Hotel, Mechanic street, head of Main street. Residence same.

F. P. Holley, Riddell House, corner of Main and Davis streets. Residence same.

J. W. Mulnix, No. 36 Main street. Residence same.

James Murty, Capitol Restaurant, No. 40 Main street. Residence same.

George G. Davis, Bradford House, No. 97 Main street. Residence same.

J. D. Burt, Henderson House, corner of Webster and Corydon streets. Residence same.

Myer Rothstein, No. 7 Main street. Residence same.

Bradford City—2d Ward.

Joseph Bacher, Petrolia House, No. 45 Webster street. Residence same.

Bradford City—3d Ward.

James Polk Abbott, Bennett Brook House, corner of Mechanic and Washington streets. Residence same.

P. Friedman, Akin House, Nos. 108, 109 and 110 Washington street. Residence same.

Bradford Township.

John McCann, Crooker House. Residence same.

Francis V. B. Switzer, Custer City Hotel, Custer City. Residence same.

Ceres Township.

Frank A. Chapman, Oswayo House, Ceres village. Residence same.

Eldred Borough.

B. W. Rice, St. Elmo Hotel, corner of Main and street leading to depot. Residence same.

Eldred Township.

Burg Chadwick and Hattie D. Chadwick, Hotel Chadwick, Larrabee. Residence of Hattie D. Chadwick same; and of Burg Chadwick, Smethport.

Foster Township.

J. R. Goodenough, Seager House, corner of Bradford and Smethport road and plank road, Rew City. Residence same.

George Dana, Stanford House, Gillmor. Residence same.

J. L. McCrea, Derrick City House, Derrick City. Residence same.

Hamlin Township.

W. W. Brewer, Brewer House, Mt. Jewett. Residence same.

Kendall Borough.

Jonas Artley and Phillip S. Artley, American House, corner of Main and Kendall streets. Residence same.

John M. Phillips, Terapin, Nos. 1 and 2 Main street. Residence same.

Keating Township.

L. M. Hodgkins, Brunswick House, village of Colegrove. Residence same.

Kane Borough.

John Fleming, Fleming House, west side of Fraley street. Residence same.

Richard E. Locker, Rockwell Hotel, Fraley street. Residence same.

F. W. Moese and Chas. R. Stewart, St. Elmo Hotel, No. 55 east side of Fraley street. Residence same.

Frank Dietz, Centennial Hotel, east side of Fraley street. Residence same.

Rink Donovan, Hotel Lamont, west side Fraley street. Residence same.

Harvey H. Corson, Kane House, west side of Fraley street. Residence same.

Lafayette Township.

E. Grout, Hurley House, Big Shanty. Residence same.

Otto Township.

J. V. Brown, Duke House, Duke Centre village, west side of Main street. Residence same.

Port Allegany Borough.

Stephen C. Sartwell, Sartwell House, south side of Mill street. Residence same.

Smethport Borough.

Alfred H. Peirce, Peirce House, south side of Water street. Residence same.

B. F. Wright, Wright House, corner Main and Mechanic street. Residence same.

[illegible] of Main street, corner of Fulton street. Residence same.

Frank N. Taylor, Grand Central Hotel, south side of Main street, corner of Fulton street. Residence same.

Sergeant Township.

J. F. Keating, Clermont House, village of Clermont. Residence same.

EATING HOUSE OR RESTAURANT LICENSES.

Annin Township.

John W. Driscoll, Driscoll House, Turtle Point. Residence same.

Eldred Borough.

C. M. Coleman, European Hotel, opposite B., N. Y. & P. R. R. depot. Residence same.

Eldred Township.

Ransom Larrabee, Larrabee station. Residence same.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LICENSES WITH OR WITHOUT OTHER GOODS.

Bradford City—1st Ward.

A. M. Mayer and M. Holland, No. 114 Main street. Residence Bradford city.

Bear Fordonski, Bradford Liquor store, No. 84 Main street. Residence Bradford city.

N. R. Collins and Frank J. Collins, No. 88 Main street. Residence of N. R. Collins is No. 37 Corydon street, Bradford city, and Frank J. Collins at No. 85 Main street.

Bradford City—3d Ward.

P. Fragner, No. 78 North Mechanic street. Residence No. 30 Bushnell street.

Kane Borough.

Samuel E. Ulman, west side Fraley street. Residence Kane borough.

LICENSES TO BOTTLE AND VEND MALT AND BREWED LIQUORS.

Bradford City—1st Ward.

Simon Soloman, No. 14 Pine street. Residence Bradford city.

Bradford City—4th Ward.

S. S. Woodbury, No. 37 Mechanic street. Residence 28 School street.

Patrick Henry Davitt, No. 53 North Mechanic street. Residence Bradford city.

Eldred Borough.

Frederick Simon and Rudolph Doerr, west side of Railroad street. Residence Eldred borough.

☞ All licenses must be lifted within fifteen days after the same are granted or they will be void.

J. M. McELROY, Clerk.
HUGH P. BRAWLEY, Deputy.
Smethport, April 24, 1889.

MORRISTOWN, TENN., July 4, 1888.
The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—Five years ago I was so unfortunate as to contract an extremely bad case of blood poison. My bones ached and my muscles began to swell and contract. I was under treatment of the physician from the inception of the disease until I found that he could do me no good. Then, through the advice of a friend I began taking S. S. S. Your medicine seemed to have an immediate effect. I took six bottles, and to-day am sound and well. That was two or three years ago, but I have seen no evidence of the return of the disease, and I take this opportunity to thank you for what it has done for me. It saved my life. You can refer any one to me. R. M. WALL.

FARMERSVILLE, TEX., June 22, 1888.
The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

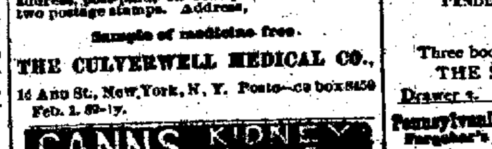
Gentlemen—The mother of a member of our firm was afflicted with a cancerous sore on her face for about twenty years. During the past few years it troubled her very much by continued pain and itching. She used your S. S. S., and the sore has disappeared and is apparently well. Should it break out again, will advise you.

Very truly,
PENDLETON, YEARLY & RILEY,
Druggists.

Three books mailed free on application
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills. Send for Catalogue. Portable, Stationary, Traction and Automatic Engines a specialty. Warranted equal or superior to any made.



Address A. B. FARQUHAR & SON, York, Pa.
3-21-6m.

LADIES USE THE PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by

W. T. Callar and S. L. Wells, Smethport, Pa.
v26n5y1

All Kinds of Job Work Done at this Office.

THE STERLING Co.

Manufacturers of



THE STERLING PIANOS,

WHICH FOR

Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, FINISH and adaptability for standing in Tune have no equal.

Every Piano Warranted for Five Years

And satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser.

Also Manufacture the World-Renowned

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Factories, Derby, Conn.

April 5, 89-6m

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DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefited. Great inducements to Correspondence Classes. Prospectus, with opinions of Mr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the Christian Advocate, Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N.Y.

2-22-89-3m.

JAMES McNULTY,

Merchant Tailor!

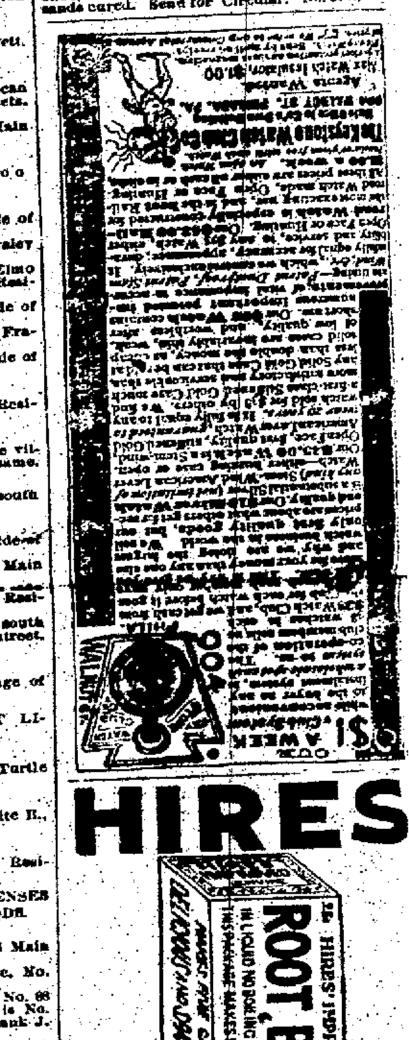
EAST MAIN STREET,

Smethport, Pa.

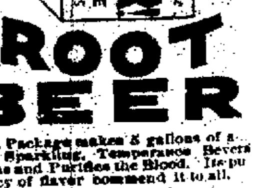
A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 24 and 25 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16, 1886.-tf

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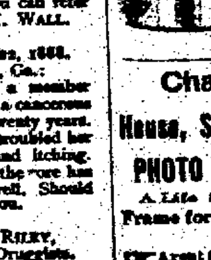
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